



2019 SIX NATIONS COMMUNITY PLAN Tsęh Niyǫgwadrihwihsa'nhǫ'



Our Ganohonyohk (Thanksgiving Address) is said at the beginning and end of each day, or when there is a gathering of people. As we gather here to plan a bright future for our community, these words prepare our minds to have gratitude for what is, so we may consider what can be.

Kanien'kehá:ka (Mohawk)	Gayogohó:nọ² (Cayuga)	English
Kentióhkwa! Sewatonhonhsí:iost ken'nikarihwésha ne káti ohén:ton karihwatéhkwen enkawennohétston.	Swagwe:gǫh, Swadahǫhsi:yohs nigaihwa:kah	Group of people here! Listen well for a short while, as we pass the words that come before all other matters.
Teiethinonhwerá:ton ne Onkwehshón:'a	Dędwadatnǫhǫnyǫh ne:² Qgwehsǫ²ah.	We greet/thank the people
Teiethinonhwerá:ton ne Ionkhi'nisténha tsi Ionhontsá:te	Dędwano họ:nyọh ne² Etino ha² Ohwęj'ade²	We greet/thank our mother earth.
Teiethinonhwerá:ton ne Kahnekarónnion	Dędwano họ:nyọh ne² Ohnegaọ:nyǫ²	We greet/thank the waters all about.
Teiethinonhwerá:ton ne Ononhkwa'shón:'a	Dędwano họ:nyọh Ha²deyowęno hra:ge: Onọhgwatra² hni²	We greet/thank the medicines.
Teiethinonhwerá:ton ne Kaienthóhsera , Tionhnhéhkwen	Dędwano họ:nyọh ne² Gyọnhehgọh	We greet/thank the harvest, the life sustainers.
Teiethinonhwerá:ton ne Kahihshón:'a	Dędwano họ:nyọh ne² Wa h yaniyọ:ta²	We greet/thank the fruits.
Teiethinonhwerá:ton ne Okwire'shón:'a	Dędwano họ:nyọh ne² Odehadọ:ni:	We greet/thank the trees.
Teiethinonhwerá:ton ne Ionkhihsothó:kon Ratiwé:ras	Dęyetinǫhǫnyǫh ne² Etihso:t Hadiwęnǫdagye²s	We greet/thank our grandfathers the thunder beings.
Teiethinonhwerá:ton ne Kaié:ri Nikawerá:ke	Dędwano họ:nyọh ne² Deyowawęnye:².	We greet/thank the four winds
Tetshitewanonhwerá:ton ne Shonkwahtsí:'a Tiohkehnékha Karáhkwa	Dęsedwanǫhǫnyǫh ne² Sedwahj'ia:² Ędehka:² gahgwa:gye²s	We greet/thank him our elder brother the sun.
Teiethinonhwerá:ton ne Ionkhihsótha Ahsonthenhnékha Karáhkwa	Dęyetinǫhǫnyǫh ne² Etihso:t Ahsohehka:² ehni²da:gye²s	We greet/thank our grandmother the moon.
Teiethinonhwerá:ton ne Iotsistohkwarónnion	Dęyetinǫhǫnyǫh ne² Ojihsǫdahsia:²	We greet/thank the stars all about.
Tetshitewanonhwerá:ton ne Shonkwaia'tíson	Dęsedwanǫhǫnyǫh ne:' Shǫgway'adihs'ǫh	We greet/thank him our creator.
Ó:nen ká:ti tho niió:re ia'tetewawenniháhrho. Tóka' thé:nen saionkwa'nikónhrhen, í:se ki' né: ó:nen sasewakwatakohá:ton.	Da:netoh nagatgwe:ni² i²geh agayagęhdahk Ganǫhǫnyǫhk	Now, then, that is how far we have gone with our words. If there is anything that we have forgotten to mention, now, then, you could fix it or add to it.
Ó:nen wetewarihwahnhotón:ko nón:wa wenhniserá:te. Eh káti' niiohtónhak ne onkwa'nikòn:ra. Tho niiowén:nake.	Danetoh	Now we opened the day. Therefore, let our minds be that way (appreciative). Those are all the words







Introduction

Acknowledgem About our Logo Planning for Ch History of the C Making a Plan: **Creating Chang**

Community

Overview of Co How to use the

Mother Ear

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Culture | Ts

Culture & Tradi Haudenosaune Arts . Tourism

Governance

Unity ... Participatory De Self-Determinat Justice & Comm Land

Community

Participation & Planning & Coll Recreation Safety & Emerg Strong Families

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The 2019 Update to the Six Nations Community Plan is built from the voices of community members that shared their vision of the future, their concerns of today and their solutions for going forward together. From youth to elders, *Nya:weh* for your time and your passion for the community. We hope this process continues as a way to engage in healthy dialogue about our continued progress as a community.

The creation of this plan involved participation from community departments, organizations and leadership to ensure that it reflected all the incredible work being done by so many departments and organizations. *Nya:weh* for your patience and constructive feedback, and for seeing the potential of the Community Plan as a powerful document to support the causes you champion.

Nya:weh to the Six Nations of the Grand River Development Corporation (SNGRDC) for financially supporting the administration of this update. SNGRDC recognized the value of community input and the time it takes to hear community voices. *Nya:weh* for the opportunity to fulfill these roles and empowering the Community Plan team to creatively accomplish this goal. *Nya:weh* to the expertise and enthusiasm of the Corporate Affairs team and the greater SNGRDC team for your support.



SIX NATIONS OF THE GRAND RIVER

Nya:weh for sharing your intimate knowledge of the community and guiding us through the process.

Nya:weh Carla Robinson for your help in shaping the community plan narrative sections and your ability to tell beautiful stories!

Nya:weh to Alysha Longboat, Six Nations Tourism, Deyohahá:ge and the Six Nations Language Commission for providing language translations. "Community Plan" and the 8 priorites appear in Gayogo hó:no² (Cayuga) throughout this plan.

Nya:weh Redwhip Design for this beautiful logo that captures the spirit of the Community Plan!

Nya:weh from the Community Plan Team to all who have made this possible and to all who will use it going forward.

ABOUT OUR LOGO

duration of the update.

The outer circle represents community, people with raised arms connected. The people appear to be on different sides but remain connected – this represents that difference of opinion will always exist, but we find a way to come together.

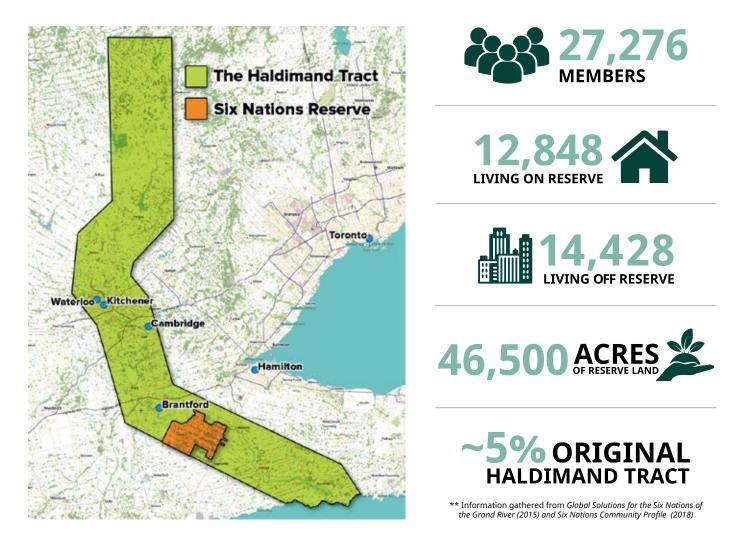
A magnificent tree grows from our unity, with 4 triangles at its base to make sure we don't forget our roots. Strong and healthy, the tree is complex, branching off in every direction to show the many parts of the community and our past, present and future.

The sprouting leaves illustrate our many collective ideas being nurtured into reality.

Finally, the river flows along the base of the tree to show that this plan belongs to the people of Six Nations who call the Grand River home, and remind us that Water is Life.



Our communities have been planning sustainably for thousands of years. From the time of creation, we have understood the responsibilities we have for the safety and wellbeing of each other and Mother Earth. Our teachings were given to us as a guide to overcome challenges and keep us focused on ensuring the safety and wellbeing of future generations. The Gayanehsra'go:wah (Great Law of Peace), brings our Nations together under the white pine or Tree of Peace, and teaches us that there is strength in working together for a better future. In the past, we carefully planned our communities to be self-governing, sustainable, and connected through healthy families and community relations.



Together, we have maintained our knowledge of planning a healthy community even through the pressures of colonial influence on our processes. As we revitalize our culture and our languages, we return to the wisdom of our past while walking forward toward a modern future. There is a unique power when we come together to share knowledge and determine a path that reflects our values and principles as Haudenosaunee people. Through healthy dialogue, we are able to come to one mind over concerns and identify opportunities for change needed. As we continue to plan our community, everyone has a role to play, wisdom to share and a responsibility to help create a strong and healthy community. Creating our own plan is a step towards self-determination, where we are setting our own long-term goals, The Six Nations Community Plan 2019 update reflects the knowledge from the past being brought to the present to plan for the future. This community plan is a guiding document formed by community voices as a road map toward a healthy, happy, thriving future for the coming faces of tomorrow.



PLANNING FOR CHANGE: AN INTRODUCTION TO COMMUNITY PLANNING

HISTORY OF THE SIX NATIONS COMMUNITY PLAN

OVERVIEW OF THE EIGHT COMMUNITY PRIORITIES

Qgwa:na:da

Through many conversations with community members, eight different community priorities have emerged. These eight priorities are completely interdependent upon one another but describing them separately allows us to strategically focus on specific challenges in the community while keeping our minds focused on the broader interconnections. The eight priorities of the plan are:



Mother Farth





Culture

Tseh Niyogwaiho'de







De' Ogwahsronyahno



Employmen

& Education



Sitting at the top of the tree, Wellbeing is the overall goal of all that we do. Growth in all other priorities

& Economy ga:nonihsra², tseh hr

builds our wellbeing. **WELLBEING**

The trunk of the tree, Culture is at our core. It is central to all that we do, and what makes us Haudenosaunee Six Nations.

CULTURE

These are the branches which shade and protect us on our path to self-sufficiency and sustainability. Our Employment, Education and Economy must be strongly connected to our core of culture to ensure they reflect who we are.

EMPLOYMENT & EDUCATION WEALTH & ECONOMY

These are the roots that keep us strong. We need a healthy relationship with mother earth, strong and accountable leadership, a safe and connected community and an adequate built environment (such as housing and infrastructure) to keep us grounded in our pursuit of Wellbeing.

MOTHER EARTH GOVERNANCE COMMUNITY BUILT ENVIRONMENT

The Six Nations Community Plan has evolved over the past two decades from a capital plan and infrastructure needs approach in 1996 to the present-day comprehensive Community Plan. The comprehensive approach took community planning beyond the scope of infrastructural needs to a more holistic and balanced approach to community planning that aimed to engage and empower community voices. After the needs assessment conducted in 2007, the first comprehensive Community Plan was endorsed by the Six Nations Elected Council (SNEC) in 2010 to be used by the departments under SNEC and other organizations that wished to participate. The 2010 Community Plan highlighted the concerns, opportunities and actions under seven priorities: Mother Earth, Community, Arts & Culture, Built Environment, Employment and Education, Economic Development and Wellbeing. The intention was to identify opportunities for collaboration and communicate the direction of the community and its organizations. Although the 2010 Community Plan was effective to communicate potential action of all departments, there was limited commitment from the broader community to make collaborative use of it.

Currently, the Six Nations Community Plan is part of the Six Nations of the Grand River Development Corporation (SNGRDC) portfolio. SNGRDC maintains that this plan is owned by the community and will continue to encourage a responsible Community Planning process within Six Nations. In 2018-19, the Community Plan underwent an update process that was intended to broaden the scope beyond departments and organizations to to all community members, organizations and leadership bodies, resulting in this document.







MAKING A PLAN: OUR JOURNEY OF COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

GATHERING THE COMMUNITY VOICE – "OUR PEOPLE ARE THE PLANNERS"

As the Community Plan Team embarked on the journey of community engagement we recognized the power and wisdom to solve today's challenges and envision a bright future are within the community – and so this phrase emerged to guide our work - our people are the planners.

"There are no experts in Iroquois [Haudenosaunee] culture. When we come together, we say we put our minds on the table. That way if you have knowledge I could use, I could borrow it and if I have knowledge you can use, you can borrow it. We always have something to learn". - Jake Thomas, Cayuga Chief

This community plan is comprised of the community voices that came to the table to share their concerns and opportunities for change. It is not the singular "community voice" but one positive step toward building two-way communication and healthy dialogue within the community.

SUMMARY OF OUR ENGAGEMENT STRATEGY

The Community Plan Team engaged the community between April 2018 – March 2019. To structure the engagement period, we focused on each of the seven original priorities from the 2010 community plan for six to seven weeks at a time. This was to create different starting points of conversation and ensure key community issues were considered from a variety of perspectives. In general, the aim was to engage the community in safe, personal and intimate settings. Community members expressed that large, "town hall" style meetings lead to only the loudest voices being heard, and can be emotionally and physically unsafe. The following approaches created small, comfortable and personal engagement settings:

• Family/Social Group Sessions – families and social groups invited the community plan team into their homes to share a meal, feedback on vision, concerns and opportunities. These provided safe and familiar settings, where members could share differences of opinion with the comfort of knowing that they could be debated but respected.

Organization Sessions – organizations or businesses invited the community plan team to their workplace. Here, opinions from employees blended their perspectives as community members and as knowledge holders in their particular field. Conversation centered around how the organization connected to the different priorities of the community plan.

Priority Focus Groups – 14 focus groups were hosted over 2018-19 – two for every priority, offering a lunch session and a dinner session to provide flexibility for people's schedules. Here the conversation would focus around the details of one of the seven priorities, while also exploring how that priority interconnects with others.

• Public Booths – The Community Plan booth was set up in high-traffic community locations or events. Here, we could connect with a high number of community members and offer the chance for quick engagement. Community members could answer open-ended sticky note questions, record testimonials in a speakers' corner booth or hang a leaf on the 'lateral kindness tree'. If community members offered a verbal comment it was recorded in writing.

Co-facilitated engagements – the Community Plan team partnered with several agencies through the year to support their events and integrate engagement opportunities.

BY THE NUMBERS



People engaged in facilitated discussions including family dinners, organization sessions, youth events and priority focus groups

OTHER COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT INITIATIVES THAT INFORMED THIS PROCESS

Many different community engagement initiatives were previously held or were ongoing in the community. The Community Plan Team partnered with the agencies facilitating these engagements to share information without having to re-ask the same or similar questions to people that had already been engaged on. Redundant engagement can be exhaustive on community members who feel they are repeating themselves, and can drain energy and resources from organizations. The engagements we drew from included:

Past community plan update efforts in 2016/17 – included booths, surveys, and input forms from organizations Lifelong Learning Taskforce – engaged students and educators around what a Six Nations community based education

- approach could and should look like
- and life promotion
- and agriculture
- for what projects/programs they have implemented or will implement in the future.

MANAGING INFORMATION

The Community Plan Team gathered information in many forms including sticky notes and "lateral kindness tree" leaves at booths, conversations and written comments. High level vision and context statements were compiled through a qualitative analysis to describe community sentiment towards the variety of community priorities. For specific concerns, challenges, solutions and actions, analysis focused on recurring themes to formulate the 34 community goals. This analysis matched community input with input from departments/organizations and illustrated many points of alignment between department/organization initiatives and community goals, while also highlighting some gaps where community members wanted to see growth.







Open Houses to provide comments on drafts

• Elders Journey – a year long engagement series directed by Health Services which engaged elders on a variety of topics • Sparking the Fire – an engagement led by Youth Life Promotions to coordinate community efforts around youth engagement

Farm and Food Survey – survey facilitated by the Six Nations Farmers Association to gather community input on food security

• Community department and organization input – many organizations/departments in the community have plans in place



CREATING CHANGE WITH THE COMMUNITY PLAN

The Six Nations Community Plan is a road map to the future that we can all use to contribute to building a self-determined future. This section outlines first how every part of the community has a responsibility to action the plan, and second how the plan can be used to create informed change.

IDENTIFYING RESPONSIBILITIES

In the Community Plan engagement, one word emerged again and again—responsibility. It was clear that working toward the vision is not just left to services and organizations but **requires effort and commitment by all in the community**. Below are just a few of the ways that we can all use the plan to share the responsibility:

Community Members

- Finding out more information on issues you are passionate about and creating positive change (see the *Community Member Responsibility* section of each goal page).
- Keeping track of community needs and priorities and holding yourself and others accountable to the constructive change outlined in the Community Plan.
- For youth to look ahead to what opportunities there will be in the future and making education/employment decisions based on that future.

Grassroots Groups

- Strengthening your advocacy by coordinating with partners on shared goals.
- Strengthening funding applications by identifying how you are working towards broad community goals.

Community Departments and Organizations

- · Identifying partners on shared goals to nurture collaboration.
- Aligning strategic plans with broad community goals and timelines.
- Strengthening funding applications by identifying how you are working towards broad community goals.

Boards and Trusts

• Using the Community Plan as a decision-support tool (see the Assessing Decision Impact tool on page 11).

Local Businesses

• Identifying how your business can give back or improve practices to meet community goals.

Leadership

- Targeting action and advocacy toward goals that came from community voices.
- Communicating progress and change processes back to community members based on the indicators highlighted (see *Measuring Progress* section on each goal page).
- Building self-determination by championing our vision for the future in relationships with other Haudenosaunee nations and external partners.
- Using the Community Plan as a decision-support tool (see Assessing Decision Impacts tool on page 11).

External Partners

- Understanding the opportunities and challenges that we see as a community.
- · Identifying opportunities for collaborative relationships based on shared goals.

ASSESSING DECISION IMPACTS

The Community Plan can help assess decisions or proposed projects. Work through the following questions to weigh decisions in light of the complex and interconnected impacts and benefits that community members have identified.

1. Describe the Decision or Project

What are the intended outcomes of the decision or project? Of the 34 goals in the Community Plan (see *Overview of Community Priorities & Goals* on pages 12-13), which three does your decision or project align with most closely?

2. Community Engagement

Describe the community engagement approach you have taken or will take to understand community members' outlooks on the decision or project. The Community Plan can inform engagement by preparing you to address common themes identified in the *Key Challenges and Concerns* section within each goal page.

3. Identify Competing or Alternative Decisions or Projects

Are there alternative or existing ways that the intended outcomes of this decision or project can be achieved? Explore the *Timeline* section of each goal page to learn about ongoing or proposed projects.

4. Collaboration

Identify how you are collaborating with other community groups or organizations working toward the same broad goal. The *Suggested Lead Partners* section of each goal page may help you identify collaborators.

5. Anticipating Impacts

Describe the positive and negative impacts to each of the 8 priorities. Look through the 34 Goal Pages to think about how the decision or project impacts specific Goals, using the wheel to explore interconnections.

Priority	Mother Earth	Culture	Governance	Community	Built Environment	Employment & Education	Wealth & Economy	Wellbeing
Positive Impacts								
Negative Impacts								

6. Measuring Success

Identify how you could measure the impacts described above. Use the section *Measuring Progress* within the goal pages to identify potential measurable indicators. What would be the research demands to adequately measure success?

7. Stakeholders and Conflict Resolution

Identify how this decision may affect people, institutions, organizations, lives, future generations, children, values, concerns, wishes, and expectations. How might the impacts described above affect stakeholders differently. Who would be for and against the decision? Where could conflict among stakeholders emerge, and how can you mitigate and resolve conflicts?

8. Strategic Planning

Where does your decision or project fall in terms of short/medium/long term (see criteria under *Timeline* on page 15)? If it is in the long-term today, are there strategic actions you could take to make it a reality sooner?

9. Trends and Future State of Community

Describe key trends or changes within the community and broader society that could impact whether the desired outcomes will be realized. Identify the implications and consider the likelihood of their occurrence.

10. Reassessment of the Decision

Revisit the decision or proposed project. Write a short opinion advising whether the decision should proceed with the original approach, proceed with modifications, proceed to community engagement for further dialogue or not proceed at all.



OVERVIEW OF COMMUNITY PRIORITIES AND GOALS



Mother Earth Etinoha' Ohwejade' (page 16)

Restore our relationship with Mother Earth through STEWARDSHIP of land & water (page 18)

> • •

Develop a FOOD SYSTEM of sustainable production and equal access (page 20)

- •
- Enhance

WASTE MANAGEMENT and reduce the amount

of waste we create (page 22)

•

• Adapt to

CLIMATE CHANGE and reduce our impact (page 24)



Culture Tsęh Niyǫgwaiho'dę: (page 26)

Celebrate our Haudenosaunee Identity through CULTURE & TRADITION (page 28)

• Preserve and enhance our HAUDENOSAUNEE LANGUAGES (page 30)

• Support contemporary and traditional **ARTS** (page 32)

> ٠ •

Strengthen the TOURISM sector to responsibly share our culture (page 34)



Governance **Qgwayanehsra**' (page 36)

Come together in UNITY through governance (page 38)

Strengthen community engagement in **PARTICIPATORY DECISION** MAKING (page 40)

Pursue

SELF-DETERMINATION in intergovernment

relationships (page 42)

Create an equitable system of **JUSTICE &** COMMUNITY STANDARDS (page 44)

Recover **LAND** and care for it responsibly (page 46)



Community Qgwa:na:da' (page 48)

Promote engaged **PARTICIPATION & COMMUNICATION** among members (page 50)

Develop a process of PLANNING & **COLLABORATION** to guide community change (page 52)

Provide diverse **RECREATION** for all ages and abilities (page 54)

Enhance community **SAFETY & EMERGENCY SERVICES** (page 56)

•

Build **STRONG FAMILIES** (page 58)



Dę' Qgwahsronyahno' (page 60)

Have safe and

comfortable HOUSING options for all (page 62)

• • Supply INFRASTRUCTURE

across our community (page 64)

Create PUBLIC/ SERVICE **FACILITIES** that fit our developing community (page 66)

Develop a complete community **TRANSPORTATION** system (page 68)



Employment & Education Adadr<u>i</u>hǫnyani:', Gaiho'dehsra' hni' (page 70)

Develop a communitybased holistic lifelong **EDUCATION** approach (page 72)

•

Increase **EMPLOYMENT** opportunities and quality of work (page 74)

Develop our connection with off-reserve to strengthen *RETENTION* in employment and education (page 76)



Wealth & Economy Otga:nonihsra², tseh hni² Na'dewatwihsdahsnyeha' (page 78)

•

Strive for

ECONOMIC SELF-RELIANCE

to support our autonomy

(page 80)

•

•

Nurture a community

TRADE & BARTER

ECONOMY

(page 82)

Promote a thriving

LOCAL ECONOMY of

responsible businesses

and entrepreneurship



Wellbeing Adagaidęhsra (page 88)

Develop **COMMUNITY CARE**

systems that work for our people and our culture (page 90)

> • •

Build MENTAL WELLNESS within our people (page 92)

•

٠

Support **HEALTHY LIFESTYLES** of

nutrition, exercise and disease prevention (page 94)

Cultivate **RESPECTFUL**

RELATIONSHIPS with

ourselves and others (page 96)

Build up our people to be free from SUBSTANCE ABUSE (page 98)

(page 84) •

Work together to ensure members' BASIC NEEDS are met (page 86)



HOW TO USE THE COMMUNITY PLAN GOAL PAGES

The Community Plan outlines 34 broad community goals organized into the 8 community priorities. For each goal, a two-page spread contains six headings that describe that goal and how the community can work towards it. The six contained within each two-page spread are described below:

POSITIVE CHANGE IMPACTS

In this section, each goal is highlighted in the middle of an interconnected wheel. What is highlighted is how progress in a particular goal can have positive impacts outward to other specific goals or entire priority categories. Use the page numbers to navigate around the Community Plan and explore interconnections in greater detail. The interconnections came from input from community members and organizations.

COMMUNITY MEMBER RESPONSIBILITIES

Responsibility emerged as a central theme throughout the Community Plan engagement. Multiple community members voiced that too often, community members expect organizations and governments to meet all of their needs. While these agencies have key roles to play in meeting our goals, every community member also has a role to play in reaching our vision for a brighter future. The responsibilities highlighted came from input from community members and organizations.



MEASURING PROGRESS

Knowing how successful we are as a community on a particular goal, or how much work we need to do, is a key part of good planning. In the Community Plan engagement, community members and organizations described what success would look like for each goal. The points highlighted under the Measuring Progress section highlight what we can look at within the community to measure success on specific goals. Further Community Plan initiatives can refine these to be specific indicators that can be quantitatively measured or qualitatively judged through further community engagement and research.

KEY CHALLENGES AND CONCERNS

This section highlights the key challenges and concerns that community members or organizations voiced during engagement. These describe some of the root issues that will persist if action is not taken and/or some of the barriers that we will inevitably face as we try to move forward on a particular goal. Naming and understanding these key challenges and concerns is important to have realistic and informed discussions about moving forward.

SUGGESTED LEAD PARTNERS

Suggested Lead Partners are identified to highlight some organizations which can lead progress on a specific goal. This list is not exhaustive or exclusive – in fact, every goal is a responsibility of the entire Six Nations Community – this includes all organizations, Community members and local businesses. With that in mind however, certain organizations are suggested as lead partners for each goal according to the following criteria:

- Organizations which identified through engagement that they are taking action on one or more of the particular objectives identified under a goal
- Only public organizations are listed
- In each category there is "New and Emerging Organizations" to leave space for organizations which may emerge to meet a particular need
- Organizations are referred to by their umbrella organizations. Larger organizations (such as Health and Social Services) appear in more places for this reason

TIMELINE

The Community Plan is a visionary and ambitious document. The 34 goals are broad and not specifically achievable, so a timeline of specific objectives to reach goals is provided which emerged from engagement with community and organizations. This Community Plan does not include the ongoing, operational and maintenance actions that make the community run, or regular expansion that would be expected to accommodate growth. These actions are absolutely crucial to the functioning of the community, but it is not the place of a Community Plan to describe the ongoing operations of organizations - this expertise is within those organizations. Instead, the Community Plan lays an ambitious path of change toward the future based on objectives to address larger gaps and systemic themes. Objectives were organized into timeframes using the following criteria:

Objectives in the Short Term (1-5yrs)

- Modifications to existing projects, programs or facilities that are incremental;
- Standards that must be developed to lay out expectations for future objectives;
- New or updated studies; or,
- · Have a predetermined timeline that puts them in this time range

Objectives in the Medium Term (6-10 yrs)

- and/or exist in their infancy);
- · Legislative changes outside the community's immediate influence; or,
- Have a predetermined timeline that puts them in this time range

Objectives in the Long Term (11-20 yrs)

- Substantial new projects, programs or facilities that need to be created from scratch in 2019;
- Are based on community member behavioural change; or,
- Have a predetermined timeline that puts them in this time range

The time frames provided are not limiting or prescriptive—an objective highlighted in the long term today could occur next year if circumstances align. However, this approach is meant to encourage strategic and realistic development (see Assessing Decision *Impacts* on page 11 to see how the *Timeline* can be used as a strategic planning tool).

Additionally, each objective is assigned a progress marker to indicate the state of that action at the time of the 2019 update, as follows:



• Substantial new projects, programs or facilities that have momentum (i.e., funding allocated, land, designs,

This objective is being addressed by organizations in the community and measurable progress is being made towards it.

Preliminary work has been done (e.g. plans, drawings, feasibility studies), specific barriers may exist to progressing forward, typically a need for resources.

This objective has been identified as a need or solution but no specific progress





MOTHER EARTH Etinoha' Ohwejade'

Stewardship Food System Waste Management **Climate Change**

Did you know?

- 22 acres of white corn was planted in the "Corn for the Community" program.
- The Six Nations Wildlife management office participates in 25 working group committees throughout the Grand River Watershed.
- Six Nations has recycled 4 million pounds of material since 2011. The landfill is closing in 2019 and a transfer station is being built.
- GIS Mapping is assisting with housing needs and property line disputes.
- Of the 46,500 acres of reserve land, approximately 94% is under Certificate of Possession, 50% is covered in Carolinian forest and 12% is significant wetlands.

MOTHER EARTH: WHAT WE HEARD AROUND THE TABLE...

Where we have come from:

A respectful relationship with Mother Earth is central to Haudenosaunee people and necessary for us to have healthy minds, bodies and spirits. We were given the teachings of the Ganohonyohk (Thanksgiving Address) so we could know how to respect all the different parts of Mother Earth. The teachings remind us that she is where we came from and that we are part of her creation. Our cycle of ceremonies also tells us how to relate to Mother Earth through the foods and medicines we grow and eat for sustenance throughout the year. Our teachings also give us the knowledge to be skilled agriculturalists and hunters, and to have a connection to the earth through the animals we hunt and the foods we grow to feed ourselves and our community. Traditionally, every part of a plant or animal had a role in our tools, houses and clothing and so we did not produce waste.

Where we are today:

Today, our community is coined "the lungs of Ontario" by our neighbours for the amount of healthy Carolinian forest and wetlands we have. Visible from space, our patch of green is a representation of how we value Mother Earth. However, our relationship with Mother Earth is at risk because of our current habits. Instead of a responsibility to nurture Mother Earth for future generations, our relationship has become based on individual possession and personal benefit. Producing food has become less of a priority in the community, and the way we practice it has changed toward short term economic gain. A growing culture of consumption is producing waste which litters our environment and impacts our Haudenosaunee ways of keeping balance with Mother Earth. But a deep respect for all creation is motivating us to change as we explore clean energy and innovative waste management solutions. We still hold respect for Mother Earth because we know our survival depends on her wellbeing and we want to find ways to make our actions match our principles. Our culture tells us how to celebrate and honour Mother Earth through ceremonies and acknowledgments that continue to remind us of our responsibilities. As more people return to these responsibilities, we are rebuilding our reciprocal relationship with Mother Earth.

How we will move into the future:

As Haudenosaunee people we know we have a responsibility to be stewards of the land and keepers of Mother Earth. When we think of the coming faces, seven generations into the future, we must consider the impact of our actions today on the land. By centering Haudenosaunee best practices in a modern context, we will rebuild our relationship with Mother Earth. The more self-sufficient we are with our food, water and energy production, the more we will build our strength and self-determination. As more of us learn our languages and become more familiar with our ceremonies we can better identify and relate to the land and beings around us.



Our Vision for the future is that...

"Six Nations is a community with a strong and respectful relationship with Mother Earth. We protect Her to provide for us and future generations. We limit our impact and enhance the natural systems around us."

MOTHER EARTH | Etinoha' Ohwejade' **STEWARDSHIP**

Goal: Restore our relationship with Mother Earth through *STEWARDSHIP* of land and water.

Positive Change Impacts

Food System (page 20) Maintaining the health of soil, forests and waters allows them to continue providing our food needs Culture & Tradition (page 28) Being better stewards allows us to live up to the identity we claim as protectors of the earth

Education (page 72)

Having more intact ecosystems

will help us realise our goal of

more land-based learning

Economic

Self-Reliance (page 80)

Being better stewards of our

resources will be an important part

of supporting ourselves in perpetuity



responsibility as stewards, we can rely less on regulation and enforcement and more on personal accountability

Healthy Lifestyles (page 94)

A healthier environment allows us to access the food, water and medicines we need to be well

STEWARDSHIP

Recreation (page 54) When more natural spaces

are maintained we have more opportunities to enjoy Mother Earth through outdoor activities

Infrastructure (page 64)

When our water sources are cleaner we can reduce the complexity of our infrastructure, and with it the cost

Community Member Responsibilities

- Live up to our Haudenosaunee identity as stewards
- Plant trees to recover any lost during house construction
- Have your property assessed for its environmental assets such as streams, wetlands, medicines, species at risk
- · Have land surveyed properly to help address land and neighbour issues
- Plant non-invasive trees and shrubs on unused parts of your property

Measuring Progress

- · Water quality, soil health, tree canopy and biodiversity indicators increase
- Greater portion of the territory is forested

Key Challenges And Concerns

- As a community, we are currently not upholding our responsibilities as Haudenosaunee stewards
- Our ability to conduct ceremonies and gather medicines depends on healthy ecosystems
- · Consumerism in the community and society spurs on business development, bigger house construction resulting in disturbed ecosystems and reduced wildlife habitat
- Businesses are profiting from our water without giving anything back, while we can't drink our own water • We have no enforceable standards to hold people and businesses accountable for restoration when streams, wetlands, forests
- and fields are disturbed or damaged
- Fill and waste are coming in without concern for contamination

Suggested Lead Partners

- Kayanase
- Schools
- Lands & Membership
- Community Planning

Timeline

	OBJECTIVES		
SHORT (2019-2024)	Develop Haudenosaunee Environmental Standards	PLANNING	J r s
	Expand mapping capacity to support members mapping land and assist services		L b s
	Conduct a comprehensive ecosystem health study	PLANNING	V C
	Develop and implement stewardship education campaign	IN PROG <mark>RES</mark> S	k İI
	Assert our role as stewards beyond the territory	IN PROG <mark>RES</mark> S	N t L
MEDIUM (2025-2029) LONG (2030-2039)	Advocacy with municipalities in Haldimand Tract	IN PROG <mark>RES</mark> S	V t
	Develop tree replanting policy	PLANNING	S P i
	Develop a Haudenosaunee Environmental Assessment	PLANNING	S n

- · Community can safely eat food and use medicines from forests and rivers
- Plant and wildlife species are returned or strengthened in the forests and rivers

- SN Wildlife Mgmt.
- Environment Office
- Housing
- lustice

STATUS IN 2019

ustice team developing standards, need staff and resources to hold community members accountable. (see Goal: Justice & Community Standards). Need ground standards in cultural teachings.

Lands & Membership department has GIS (Geographic Information Systems) capacity, but more training and technology needed to help members map property. Mapping services to expand to emergency and human services, expand to entire territory and be publicly available.

Wildlife Management. Office is undertaking some species/habitat assessments and Ohneganohs group is conducting a water study. Need sustained commitment to develop long term understanding.

Kayanase is working with developments in surrounding communities to plant indigenous species and restore Carolinian forest.

Need for greater ecological literacy among community members. Align these with traditional knowledge of Mother Earth and integrate into school curriculum. Kayanase, Library and Schools are starting this work.

Wildlife Management Office advocates for better water treatment and standards along the Grand River through the Conservation Authority.

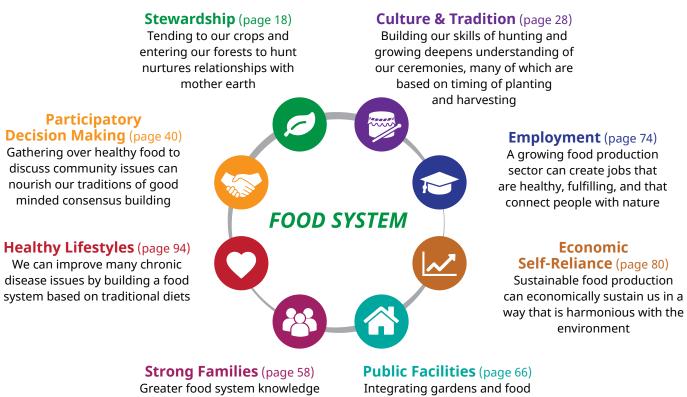
SN Elected Council resolved that new public projects will have 3-to-1 replacement policy. Study needed to determine appropriate replanting processes, and integrate nto housing and private development.

SN Elected Council has resolved that an Environmental Assessment process is mandatory before land is purchased. Community based process needed for all development on and off-reserve to ensure our standards are being met.

MOTHER EARTH | Etinoha' Ohwejade' FOOD SYSTEM

Goal: Develop a *FOOD SYSTEM* of sustainable production and equitable access.

Positive Change Impacts



supports families to take greater responsibility for their health

forests into building designs can create public facilities that celebrate our skills as horticulturalists

Community Member Responsibilities

- Get your food from a local grower or hunter if possible
- Convert a portion of your lawn into a vegetable garden and compost, learn how to hunt and fish sustainably
- Learn the ceremonies that help us understand planting and harvesting
- Share a local, traditional meal with your family and neighbours
- Volunteer with food bank and other community food initiatives

Measuring Progress

- More participation in growing and hunting
- More farmland in the community being used for community food instead of cash crops
- Community being self-reliant for food needs

Key Challenges And Concerns

- Fewer and fewer in the community with cultural knowledge of hunting and farming, lack of knowledge sharing
- Food and farming not seen as a reliable profession, losing interest from young people to learn
- Community is concerned about the use of pesticides and fertilizers by farmers without regulation
- Land being used for crops for short-term profit, particularly tobacco, not foods that nourish the community
- Health of forests and waters is compromised by development, impacting ability to provide fish and game
- Agricultural land is being consumed by development
- Number of community members accessing foodbank is increasing

Suggested Lead Partners

- Six Nations Farmers Association
- Schools
- Our Sustenance

Timeline

	OBJECTIVES		
SHORT (2019-2024)	Agricultural Land Care Standards and protection measures	NOT STARTED	
	Build dedicated food bank	IN PROG <mark>RES</mark> S	L
	Develop public knowledge on safe and sustainable hunting	PLANNING	۱ c
	Conduct Community Food Sovereignty Study and Mapping	NOT STARTED	
MEDIUM (2025-2029)	Expand Community Gardens	IN PROG <mark>RES</mark> S	E f
	Build a multi-purpose Farm Resource Centre	PLANNING	s t
	Develop Agricultural Education and Training program	NOT STARTED	٦ a
LONG (2030-2039)	Develop a community wild food share	NOT STARTED	s r
	Create a Haudenosaunee seed library	NOT STARTED	F

- · Families are food secure (sufficient nutritious, affordable and culturally appropriate foods)
- More homes with gardens
- · More food spending happening within community

- Health Services
- Food Bank

- SN Wildlife Mgmt.
- SN Public Library

STATUS IN 2019

Standards that would hold farmers and growers accountable in terms of pesticide and fertilizer use and community food standards, while also implementing land care standards to protect farmland. Inventory needed to take stock of our agricultural assets.

Land and funding secured for new food bank with expanded storage and programming, construction to begin in 2019.

Various groups in the community are promoting traditional hunting practices, wildlife office providing crown land maps.

New study to gauge community food security from a lens of our culture and community (i.e. food sovereignty), food source mapping, traditional food consumption. Study would inform future programming to enhance food security.

Existing community garden program through Health Services running programming from Ohsweken site; land, staff and resources needed to expand and offer more accessible locations around the community.

SN Farmers Association has plans for a centre to combine tool-sharing, bulk-buying, training, processing and selling to build local food economy.

Training needed to illustrate to young people the opportunities of a farming career and offer training to develop necessary skills.

Support hunters and fishers who feed to share bounty with community members in need. Integrate skill building and culture development.

Repository needed we can preserve and enhance the diversity of our sustenance. Project can be based in new Public Library and Archive Facility

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MOTHER EARTH | Etinoha' Ohwejade' WASTE MANAGEMENT

Goal: Enhance *WASTE MANAGEMENT* and reduce the amount of waste we create.

Positive Change Impacts

Stewardship (page 18) Improved waste management will help us to restore a relationship with our Mother, the Earth

Culture & Tradition (page 28) When the land we care for is free of waste we can take greater pride in our culture

Education (page 72)

Waste Management

education initiatives can

decrease our ecological

footprint

Economic

Self-Reliance (page 80)

We can use our knowledge of the

environment to foster innovative

waste management which can

translate to economic opportunity

Land (page 46)

When we manage our own waste responsibly we can push for better waste management throughout the Haldimand/ Nanfan lands

Healthy Lifestyles (page 94) An environment clean from litter, human waste and pollution can improve our health by reducing exposure that contributes to disease

WASTE MANAGEMENT

Participation & Communication (page 50) Community clean up initiatives build a spirit of participation and personal accountability

Infrastructure (page 64)

Improved individual and household waste management will reduce burden on waste infrastructure

Community Member Responsibilities

- · Sort waste and recycling into appropriate streams and dispose of them properly
- Start a home composter to divert your food scraps from the land fill, and use compost in your garden
- Make purchasing decisions to reduce waste and plastic packaging
- Organize and participate in community garbage clean-ups
- · Grow and hunt more of your food to reduce wasteful packaging
- Carry a 'feast bundle' (reusable cutlery, plates and glassware) to community gatherings

Measuring Progress

- Clean public spaces, ditches, forests
- Less undesignated dumping sites
- Greater percentage of recycled goods

Key Challenges And Concerns

- Still easiest for community members and visitors to throw waste all over our Mother Earth instead of managing waste responsibly
- · Loss in culture has meant a loss in understanding of our reciprocal responsibility to Mother Earth
- High cost of initiatives such as garbage pickup and waste facilities
- · Messy yards, old and burnt out buildings, landowners uninterested or unable to keep them clean
- No standards to hold individuals or businesses accountable for properly disposing materials

Suggested Lead Partners

- Public Works
- Ontario Works
- GREAT/OSTTC
- Governance

Timeline

	OBJECTIVES		
SHORT (2019-2024)	Conduct a community wide waste impact study	NOT STARTED	\ H H
	Community Re-Use Centre/ Second Hand Store	IN PROG <mark>RES</mark> S	(1
	Create user-friendly waste transfer station at old landfill site	IN PROG <mark>RES</mark> S	l t
	Develop Community Waste Education Initiative	PLANNING	1
MEDIUM (2025-2029)	Provide reliable and low-cost or free garbage and recycling curbside pick-up	NOT STARTED	ł
LONG (2030-2039)	Single-use plastic ban within the community	NOT STARTED	/
	Create a community composting program	NOT STARTED	(1
	Create a waste/recycling facility	NOT STARTED	e t

- Fewer bags of garbage entering the dump site
- Increased options supporting waste management at home and work (e.g., pick-ups, composters, etc.)

- - Justice
 - Community Planning
- New and emerging organizations

STATUS IN 2019

Waste and litter are a concern of many in the community, study needed to have clear picture of what our impact currently is, what kinds of waste we are producing, what proportion is recycled, etc.

Collaboration between Ontario Works and GREAT to begin in 2019. Will allow us to reuse unwanted goods and create employment.

Funding secured for construction to begin in 2019. Landfill to be capped and new transfer station to be created at 4th line dump site. Will accept all types of waste to be sorted and shipped off-reserve.

Public Works has developed informational handouts, expansion needed to include school and business outreach, inform community of impacts and strategies to reduce waste

Private business initiated in 2016 but was not sustained. Would require significant financial resources to not pass the cost on to community members.

Action needs to be taken to curb our plastic use. Will require strong governance to uphold this standard.

Opportunity to divert garbage through food scraps, can be returned to members, resources needed for facility, household disposal, and pickupage.

The transfer station in short term solves land fill issue but does not live up to our expectations of stewardship as our waste becomes someone else's problem. We need to be champions of innovative waste processing and develop capacity at home, can become economic venture to process waste from neighbouring communities.

MOTHER EARTH | Etinoha' Ohwejade' CLIMATE CHANGE

Goal: Adapt to *CLIMATE CHANGE* and reduce our impact.

Positive Change Impacts

Stewardship (page 18)

As broader society takes notice of responsibility to Mother Earth, we can lead in our role as stewards

Culture & Tradition (page 28) Taking action on climate change will help protect our ceremonies which depend on weather and seasons

Employment (page 74)

Leading in climate change

can create employment

opportunities while reducing

our impact

Trade & Barter

Economy (page 82)

Strengthening our ability to

supply for one another will

make us more resilient in a

changing climate

Self-Determination (page 42)

Creating our own green energy can reduce our dependence on external governments and agencies

Healthy Lifestyles (page 94)

Taking action today can mitigate health impacts of a changing climate such as respiratory challenges and disease spread

CHANGE

CLIMATE

Safety & Emergency Services (page 56) When we take action on climate change today we reduce the impact of natural disasters in the future

Built Environment (page 60)

Planning for adaptation means houses, roads and buildings that can withstand more extreme weather

Community Member Responsibilities

- · Consider low-emission choices, everything from carpooling and changing some light bulbs to buying an electric car or building an eco-home
- Research flood zones before building new homes
- Plant trees on your property to store carbon and secure soil against erosion

Measuring Progress

• When environmental disasters happen, community and infrastructure are safe

Key Challenges And Concerns

- Our relationship with Mother Earth is changing as the climate changes around us. Knowledge of when to plant, hunt and harvest is changing
- Increased risk of environmental disasters, particularly flooding which damage our infrastructure and houses
- The problem of a changing climate is much bigger than our community, but we are still contributing the problem with our reliance on fossil fuels
- Our forests and wetlands play an important role in fighting climate change, but we are losing them to business and housing growth

Suggested Lead Partners

Wildlife Centre

Lands & Membership

 Lands & Resources Kayanase

Timeline

	OBJECTIVES		
SHORT (2019-2024)	Expand Carolinian stewardship programs outside our community	IN PROG <mark>RES</mark> S	A t C
	Conduct community climate change study	PLANNING	F
	Integrate Climate Change into emergency plan	PLANNING	E f
	Community Climate Change Education Initiative	NOT STARTED	/ t
MEDIUM (2025-2029)	Develop Green Infrastructure Plan	NOT STARTED	C (fi n
	Develop solar installation strategy	PLANNING	S F b
	Create Gas Transition Plan	NOT STARTED	a
LONG (2030-2039)	Community Solar Farm	PLANNING	T g
	Install electric vehicle charging stations	NOT STARTED	Ν

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- · Less Green House Gas emissions
- Lower energy costs

- Schools
- SN Fire/Emergency
- Six Nations of the Grand **River Development** Corporation

STATUS IN 2019

As climate warms, Carolinian zone will move further north. Kayanase is already doing this with their ecosystem restoration program, role for us to fill as stewards of the Carolinian.

Preliminary study conducted by Environment Office in 2018, sustained funding needed to understand impacts on the built environment.

Emergency Plan (see Goal: Safety & Emergency Services) must prepare us for more frequent severe weather events.

Action needed to inform community members about the risks of climate change and the role they can play.

Develop program so that new infrastructure and development uses natural technology (e.g., wetlands, rain gardens, bio-swales). Complete climate change study needed, funding will be required as these projects require more resources initially, but lower maintenance in the long run.

SN Elected Council is adding solar panels to administrative buildings, starting with Fire Hall in 2019. Community would like to see this integrated into housing loan so new builds have some or all electricity.

Gas stations play an important role in our economy, plan needed to support transition away from fossil fuel industry.

There is an initiative to build a solar farm that will sustain the community with stable, green electricity, but need dedicated land.

Need for investment to incentivize community members buying electric cars.

CULTURE: WHAT WE HEARD AROUND THE TABLE...

Where we have come from:

Our Haudenosaunee culture - including our six languages, teachings, ceremonies and arts - was given to us by Shogway'adíhs'oh (Creator) to keep us safe and strong and enable us to communicate knowledge and emotion. It is our identity, the core of who we are and is what distinguishes us from other nations and communities. Our traditional languages did not have a specific word for the arts because our songs, dances and other artforms were engrained in us as ways of being, of expressing ourselves and of celebrating the beauty of our nations with one another.

Our history through colonialism is a story of external influences trying to remove our identity by detaching us from our culture and languages. Decades ago, leaders in culture and the arts fought this process of removal and started us on the path of revitalization and celebration that we are on today.

Where we are today:

We are a unique people with a lot to offer the world around us through our arts, sharing our language, and promoting our culture. While there is still so much room to grow before we all know and live our culture, we are in a resurgence. The richness and vastness of our various artists, musicians, dancers and filmmakers using our culture as a vessel for creative expression are a celebration of this change. Our people are embracing technology to tell our own stories in ways that challenge outside media. We have more and more people learning their languages through a variety of programs and immersion schools. This change is bringing the community through healing as individuals and families embrace their identity through arts, language and culture. Our growing tourism sector is empowering us to tell our own stories to other communities in celebration and education.

While we celebrate the continued resurgence in our culture, our journey is far from complete. Too often we forget the importance of arts, culture and language when making decisions about funding and program development. Without sustained resources dedicated to these areas we risk the loss of our culture and our Haudenosaunee identity for future generations.

How we will move into the future:

Our Ka'nikonhrí:io (Good Mind) teachings will be remembered in our daily lives as we continue to reconcile the culture and tradition of our past with the opportunities of a modern future. By bringing our teachings to the forefront of our everyday lives, we will instill pride in the generations to come. We will be rooted in the culture to be stronger, healthier people who feel comfortable and confident speaking our languages. Our arts and culture will continue to be a way we transmit knowledge to each other, to other communities, and to future generations.



Did you know?

- Cultural learning spaces include three immersion schools (I.L. Thomas, Kawenní:io, Everlasting Tree School), one immersion day care, an Indigenous Knowledge Centre, a Haudenosaunee Resource Centre.
- 672 people have taken a language program since the Language Commission started.
- Gathering Place by the Grand was built in 2017 as a conference and event centre.
- We have 5 longhouses and 15 churches.
- Chiefswood park began revitalization in 2018.
- Six Nations Tourism had 26,855 visitors in 2018-19.
- Polytech offers a Bachelor of Arts in Onkwehon:we Languages.

CULTURE Tsęh Niyǫgwaiho²dę:

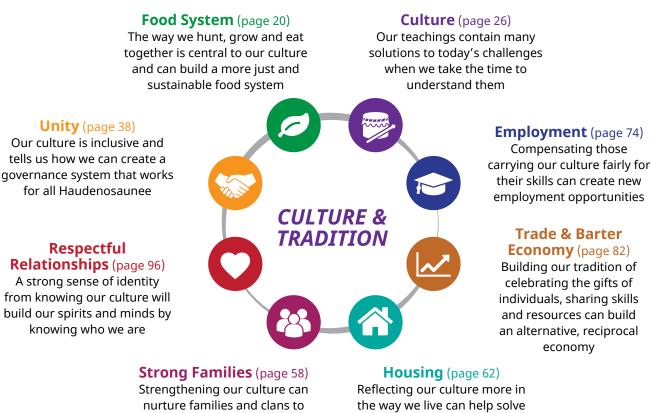
Culture & Tradition Haudenosaunee Languages Arts Tourism



CULTURE | Tsęh Niyǫgwaiho²dę: CULTURE & TRADITION

Goal: Celebrate our Haudenosaunee identity through *CULTURE & TRADITION*.

Positive Change Impacts



Reflecting our culture more in the way we live can help solve housing challenges – families living together intentionally, sharing resources and knowledge

Community Member Responsibilities

support each other

- Start with Ka'nikonhrí:io (Good Mind)
- Share the culture you know
- Maintain an open mind to the diversity of paths we travel in connecting with culture and identity
- Seek to learn more about your identity as Onkwehon:we
- Develop an understanding of the importance of Haudenosaunee guiding principles in today's world

Measuring Progress

- Reconnecting with our past in modern ways
- More knowledge of the principles that guide us all
- Greater ability to connect with culture in workplaces
- Individuals feel secure in their identity

Key Challenges And Concerns

- Colonization has forced an external culture on us and hindered our own. Trying to keep up with modern world and work expectations can slowly distance us from our Haudenosaunee identity
- Fewer in the community hold the knowledge of our principles and how they are meant to guide us
- Legacy of cultural genocide has made those that know the culture protective of it; those seeking to reconnect with their identity can feel excluded or embarrassed instead of supported and loved
- Some organizations are publicizing cultural values on paper but not living them
- Funding often focuses on basic needs of housing, water, etc. If we neglect culture it will be lost with time. Then when basic needs of the community are satisfied there will be no culture left to make us who we are

Suggested Lead Partners

- Health Services
- Polytech
- Six Nations Tourism
- Woodland Cultural Centre

Timeline

	OBJECTIVES		
SHORT (2019-2024)	Expand and provide resources to initiatives sharing culture		٦ ۲
	Review and modify organizations' policies to support culture	IN PROGRESS	I t v
	Develop a ceremonial speakers' list and procedure	NOT STARTED	(s r
	Develop a learners mentoring program	NOT STARTED	F
	Family skill-building school or workshops	NOT STARTED	N Ł
	Create cultural advisory roles in all public organizations	IN PROGRESS	Р Р
	Develop a research and knowledge mobilization strategy to support the revitalization of Haudenosaunee knowledge	PLANNING	\ 5
MEDIUM (2025-2029)	Create a fund to support cultural knowledge holders	NOT STARTED	5 1: 1:
LONG (2030-2039)	Construct an Indigenous Knowledge Centre Facility	NOT STARTED	E a a

28

- Inclusivity for all Onkwehon:we who may be learning about their identity
- Increased traditional social celebrations and capacity for singers to share

Governance

• Deyohaha:ge (Indigenous Knowledge Centre)

e • Schools

STATUS IN 2019

- The Traditional Medicine Committee, Deyohaha:ge (Indigenous Knowledge Centre), are all providing these resources to the community.
- Integrating practices such as Ganohonyohk (Thanksgiving Address), permitting flexibility to allow for participation in ceremonies or learning language and culture 'cultural wellness' days instead of sick days.
- Organizations looking to integrate more culture in meetings and events often seeking speakers, but need clear list of who can provide this service, and how they should be respectfully compensated.
- Pairing up learners to meet up with one another, share and learn from each other to reduce stigma of being new to the culture.
- Need a place to learn about traditional skills through land-based learning and to pair big brothers/big sisters with youth to share skills and culture.
- More and more organizations have this function, but not universal. Need to be well paid and flexible positions so knowledge holders can attend to other cultural needs and events.
- Various efforts are being undertaken to recover and restore traditional knowledge, language and culture, but a strategy is needed to coordinate efforts and create strategic goals.
- Sharing gifts will always be our way, but modern reality is that people are working to be financially supported. The fund would be to support singers during bereavement, buy food for families, etc.
- Deyohaha:ge (Indigenous Knowledge Centre) at Six Nations Polytechnic protecting and promoting our culture. In need of a dedicated facility to accommodate learners and archives.



CULTURE | Tsęh Niyǫgwaiho'dę: HAUDENOSAUNEE LANGUAGES

Goal: Preserve and enhance our *HAUDENOSAUNEE LANGUAGES*.

Positive Change Impacts



Culture & Tradition (page 28) Revitalizing our languages can preserve our identity and bring our teachings and ceremonies to life

Governance (page 36) As we strengthen our language, we can strengthen participation in the timehonoured ways we come together and make decisions

Community Care (page 90) Providing more care in the language will help shape a system of care that reflects our values and identity



Education (page 72) **Centering Haudenosaunee** language learning will build

an education approach unique to us

Wealth & Economy (page 78)

The words we use to describe what wealth means to us can shape our economic approach

Participation & Communication (page 50) Greater fluency can expand our ability to have public communications in the languages

Built Environment (page 60)

Celebrating our languages through our buildings, signs and roads will create a Built Environment that highlights our identity

Community Member Responsibilities

- Take on the responsibility of learning your language
- Promote more language in policy and signage in your workplace
- If you know your language, teach it with respect and patience for those seeking to learn, offer it to families and other alternative learning environments to meet diverse needs

- Languages reaching critical mass for survival
- **Measuring Progress** • More community services and signage provided in the languages Haudenosaunee languages spoken more as an ordinary More schools teaching Haudenosaunee first, means of communication English as secondary · Classes offered in all six languages

Key Challenges And Concerns

- Language schools struggle for support, stigma that graduates aren't as successful in the modern world
- Language classes are becoming more available in community and surrounding schools, but often taught in a basic and repetitive way that does not nurture and build skills
- · Lack of language skills among leaders in community organizations
- Language teachers often have to make sacrifices in pay
- Working to preserve six unique languages can be a challenge, but also an opportunity as it makes us diverse, there are commonalities, and we have a lot of momentum as a big community

Suggested Lead Partners

- Language Commission
- Polytech
- Woodland Cultural Centre

Timeline

Schools

(2)

(20)

(20

			_
	OBJECTIVES		
SHORT 019-2024)	Create a language speaker monitoring program		V s
	Explore new technologies to expand language	IN PROGRESS	C h
	Focus on adult learners and creating teachers	IN PROGRESS	L te b
	Adapt existing language programs to be incremental	IN PROGRESS	L s
	Document and archive Haudenosaunee Languages for ongoing and future revitalization efforts		R a a
EDIUM 025-2029)	Expand language nest initiative	IN PROGRESS	C r
	Highlight language learner success stories	IN PROGRESS	H c
	Enhance Language instruction in neighbouring high schools	PLANNING	L N
LONG 030-2039)	On reserve language high school	NOT STARTED	E s s
	Require employees of public organizations to learn a language	NOT STARTED	V t

Governance

- Deyohaha:ge (Indigenous Knowledge Centre)
- New/emerging orgs.

STATUS IN 2019

- Woodland Cultural Centre did a speaker list in 2014 but was only 1st language speakers. Needs to start monitoring progress and growth of new learners.
- Opportunity to embrace technology instead of seeing it as opposing our culture. Polytech has an introductory app in Mohawk and Cayuga.
- Language Commission is making adult learners its focus to create speakers that will teach at home. Once critical mass is developed, focus on early years learning. Polytech beginning a 3 year program to create Cayuga speakers.
- Language Commission has developed standards to ensure language learners build on skills, has not reached the programs in schools yet.
- Robust and guality documentation will be vital to the overall language preservation and revitalization effort. Indigenous Knowledge Centre has initiated archiving to achieve this.
- One in place which exposes youth at very early age but need more space, teachers and resources to expand.
- lighlight successes of graduates from immersion programs and of regular families committing and succeeding to learn the language.
- Language instruction is available, but not held to a standard of succession over years. Need to explore advocacy to exempt our students from competing requirements.
- Emerging as a priority of the lifelong learning education to have an on- reserve high school with a substantial immersion component, to build upon the immersion high school offered through Kawenní:io.
- Will require long term support, time and resources so that services can be provided in the languages.



CULTURE | Tsęh Niyǫgwaiho²dę: **ARTS**

Goal: Support contemporary and traditional *ARTS*.

Positive Change Impacts



Community Member Responsibilities

- Our community is rich with talent in film, music and art; as much as you are able, support the work of local creators
- Nurture an artistic hobby within yourself or your children
- Provide classes in the community to share an artistic skill that you have

Measuring Progress

- More support for the arts in schools
- · More visual art celebrating our culture throughout the community

Key Challenges And Concerns

- Broader issue in society of arts being devalued compared to 'productive' fields. Arts are not promoted as fields for young people to flourish in
- Within strict funding guidelines, arts are hard to justify because their positive impact on wellbeing and culture are not always tangible
- Our arts are being appropriated by outsiders to make money, taking away from their original purposes of communicating and celebrating
- Lack of collaboration with artists from other Nations to create a thriving industry
- Tendency to push our young people into sports

Suggested Lead Partners

- Tourism Marketing Committee
- Deyohaha:ge (Indigenous) Knowledge Centre)

Timeline

	OBJECTIVES	
SHORT (2019-2024)	Coordinate and promote efforts of local artists	
MEDIUM (2025-2029)	Community Sign and Building Initiative to highlight art and language	PLANNING
	Create more community arts celebrations	
LONG (2030-2039)	Develop sponsorships for students in the arts	NOT STARTED
	Build a multi-purpose Arts Centre	NOT STARTED

- Thriving contemporary art, film and music ecosystem in the community
- Using our art to tell our own stories instead of others telling it for us

Woodland Cultural Centre

Six Nations Tourism

 New and emerging organizations

STATUS IN 2019

Tourism Marketing Committee meeting to coordinate art and tourism initiatives in the community, participation is growing.

Need a coordinated effort to integrate Haudenosaunee art into design of buildings, create positive community messaging signs based on art. Six Nations Tourism Building is having more signage developed in language.

Woodland Cultural Centre hosted the first Onkwehon:we Arts Festival in 2018. Expansion and/or alternatives in the community can create more access for members and support for local artists.

Less funding opportunities for students pursuing arts, film, music dance, drama, etc. Bursary program to be developed to support our young people looking to these fields.

Build a multi-purpose centre to support arts, integrating music, film and dance studios, theatre. Possibility to integrate a full time marketplace so local artisans can sell their work. Could be in partnership with education organizations to offer accredited classes. Currently, Gathering Place by the Grand emerging as a Performing Arts Centre and Six Nations Marketplace creating space for local artisans. Proposal created in 1980's for "Arnie Jacobs Arts Centre" could form basis of new centre.



CULTURE | Tsęh Niyǫgwaiho'dę: TOURISM

Goal: Strengthen the *TOURISM* sector to responsibly share our culture.

Positive Change Impacts



Community Member Responsibilities

- Take pride in the opportunity to share our community and culture with others through tourism
- Participate in tourism with your family support local jobs while learning about your community
- · Seek employment or education opportunities within the tourism sector

- **Measuring Progress** • More visitors coming to community, staying longer and · Greater awareness of our culture in surrounding supporting local economy communities • More respectful encounters between community members and visitors **Key Challenges And Concerns** • We have not always been open and free to sharing our culture. Not always easy for non-natives to navigate, often looking for some kind of protocol that doesn't exist

- Tourism can be a concern if not done responsibly by turning our culture into a commodity, leading to cultural appropriation
- Lacking capacity for overnight stays, so tourists don't stay long enough to enjoy all the options
- · Lacking infrastructure such as parking and public washrooms for guests
- Many sites and parks have hours constrained to Monday to Friday 9-5 so people can't explore when they are done work

Suggested Lead Partners

- Six Nations Tourism
- Woodland Cultural Centre
- Deyohaha:ge (Indigenous Knowledge Centre)

Timeline

	OBJECTIVES		
SHORT (2019-2024)	Coordinate diverse existing tourism initiatives and collaborate with neighbouring communities	IN PROGRESS	To ui oi
	Economic Impact Study of culture and tourism initiatives	NOT STARTED	Re ai
MEDIUM (2025-2029)	Create Tourism Training Initiatives	PLANNING	D to
	Expand overnight capacity	IN PROGRESS	C. n
	Expand eco-tourism options	IN PROGRESS	K. sł
LONG (2030-2039)	Develop Pauline Johnson Walk	NOT STARTED	Ar Jo

- Tourism Marketing Committee
- Kayanase
- New/emerging orgs

STATUS IN 2019

Fourism Marketing Committee beginning to coordinate efforts, need greater inderstanding with community members around what can and cannot be shared of ur culture.

esources required to undertake study, challenge of coordinating all the different public nd private tourism groups and organizations.

emand for more skilled employees in the Tourism sector, OSTTC is piloting an ecoourism program with Fanshawe.

abins being built at Chiefswood park add to existing overnight capacity, but more needed to support multi-day guests.

ayanase and Chiefswood Park offering eco-tourism options, more room for growth to howcase and celebrate our relationship with Mother Earth.

At corner of Pauline Johnson Rd. and Hwy. 54, initial discussions of developing "Pauline ohnson Walk" for Tourism and Business Development.



GOVERNANCE Qgwayanehsra[°]

Unity

Participatory Decision Making Self-Determination Justice & Community Standards Land

Discussion

Governance is a unique priority in our community at this time. The solutions we need for the challenges we face as a community are not easily expressed in terms of simple actions and timelines. Rather, we need dialogue, compassion, understanding, patience and healing. For this reason, the 5 Goals identified under the Priority of Governance do not have a timeline of Objectives, but a Discussion section where we highlighted key themes that we heard throughout the community engagement.

GOVERNANCE: WHAT WE HEARD AROUND THE TABLE...

Where we have come from:

The governance system of the Haudenosaunee Confederacy is the oldest participatory democracy in the world. Our Great Law was given to us to show us a system based on family, kinship, inclusivity and participation; it is a unique and orderly system designed to empower all people and ensure their concerns and solutions are reflected in decisions made by our leaders. Through the Two Row Wampum - based on peace, power and righteousness - our inherent sovereignty was celebrated in strong and mutually respectful treaty relationships with other nations. Unfortunately, these relationships came to be disrespected through colonialism and assimilation.

Where we are today:

Our Great Law still exists today; it is held in the hearts of the people. But the way we function day to day as a community in terms of how we relate to ourselves, each other and Mother Nature is not always reflective of our teachings. Our governance is fractured, and different decisions exclude different parts of the community which leads to unrest. Many community members feel cut off from meaningful participation in the governance of issues that affect them. Pressure from outside governance systems imposing decisions on Six Nations has led to a paternalistic relationship, instead of the nation to nation relationship agreed to through the Two Row Wampum. There has also been a loss of recognition of our sovereignty, treaties and territory by other governments which has led to a diminished land base that keeps many of our community members from being able to live in Six Nations. Despite these current realities, the deep passion we have for our community and culture is motivating us to overcome this challenge of governance. We are having difficult but important conversations in a process of change towards a system of governance that celebrates our incredible strength and reflects the entire community.

How we will move into the future:

As a community, we will adapt to the modern environment and challenges while resisting colonialization to uphold our nationhood. We will unite through healing and justice to work together to function under cohesive governance that best suits the community and addresses the needs of the people. As in our traditional way of governing, every person will have a role in governance and know how to carry out their responsibilities. We will strengthen and celebrate our treaty relationships so that we can reclaim and increase our land base to access the resources we need to support and have more of our people living at home.





GOVERNANCE | Qgwayanehsra² UNITY

Goal: Come together in **UNITY** through Governance.

Positive Change Impacts

Waste Management (page 22) Stronger governance can take a stand on inter-jurisdictional waste and pollution issues that affect us

Culture & Tradition (page 28) More unity means more people can access their Haudenosaunee identity through traditional systems

Governance (page 36)

All issues of governance (land, justice, self-determination) can be pursued when we unify behind strong governance

Respectful **Relationships** (page 96)

When our leaders can demonstrate respect for each other, an example is set for community members to build respectful relationships

UNITY

Planning & **Collaboration** (page 52) When we are not hindered by political differences we can more effectively share resources and collaborate on common goals

Infrastructure (page 64) Unified governance can more

responsibly make challenging financial decisions for large scale infrastructure

Measuring Progress

- Community is fully represented under a cohesive and inclusive governance structure
- Diverse viewpoints are embraced

Key Challenges And Concerns

- We speak like the two governance systems are rival sides of a conflict not one community seeking to work together to balance the strengths and weaknesses of different approaches
- Elected council administers many of the services in our community but are seen as an external imposition
- The Haudenosaunee Confederacy Chiefs Council is the root of our culture and traditions but are perceived as lacking capacity and accountability to administer our modern needs
- External governments benefit from disunity and fuel conflict with targeted funding and development
- Organizations administered by the elected council get criticized when they are providing a good service to the community governance disagreements often become barriers to those trying to make positive change in the community
- Many in our community do not know their position in the clan system, or are not officially represented if they do not have a matrilineal connection

Discussion

With respect to the specific goal of **Unity**, community members voiced that we need to focus our attention on this issue as it is fundamental to us moving toward a brighter future as a community. Many community members voiced that they hold respect for both political bodies, and envision a solution rooted in our tradition that can administer our needs in the modern world adapting to the 21st Century while resisting assimilation. The key themes that emerged on governance during engagement were that:

- United: a cohesive system must emerge that represents all in the community, including the diversity of our modern circumstances, so that we can start pushing collectively for a better community
- Strong: as a community that has faced hardship, our governance must push back against imbalanced external impositions in pursuit of mutually beneficial relationships based on our treaties
- Accountable: must be based on transparent decision-making processes and working for the benefit of all
- people having a voice in important community matters through their families and leaders

Community members shared that the most fundamental action needed is continued dialogue among all of us and specifically between the Haudenosaunee Confederacy Chiefs Council and the Six Nations Elected Council. An agreement must be reached that clearly outlines the roles and responsibilities based on the strengths of each council.

Community Member Responsibilities

- Use good mind teachings and work toward solutions for good governance
- Gather as community members to elevate solutions-based discussions
- Advocate for accountability and transparency in governance



Employment (page 74)

Unity in governance will

reduce the incidence of

conflicts that keep our people

from work

Economic

Self-Reliance (page 80)

When we have clearer unity,

we can make stronger

collective investments



• Participatory: our culture of participatory democracy was once a model for other nations – we need to return to all



GOVERNANCE | Qgwayanehsra² PARTICIPATORY DECISION MAKING

Goal: Strengthen community engagement in **PARTICIPATORY DECISION MAKING**.

Positive Change Impacts

Food System (page 20) Rekindling ways of gathering

over food with family to discuss community issues can contribute to a holistic food system

Unity (page 38)

Leadership keeping community engaged and informed can bring together diverse views

Mental Wellness (page 92)

Healthier community engagement processes can include mental health supports to recognize the challenging and emotional nature of community issues

PARTICIPATORY DECISION MAKING

Participation & Communication (page 50) Meaningful community

engagement can build trust and participation of community members

Built Environment (page 60)

Culture & Tradition (page 28)

Community Engagement

approaches can be celebrations of

our culture of communal decision-

making through families and clans

Retention (page 76)

Increasing members' ability

to engage with governance

can keep more of our people

connected to home

Economic

Self-Reliance (page 80)

Discussing collective

investments through realistic

and informed engagement can

create understanding among

community members

Sustained community engagement at early stages of development will allow smoother project implementation

Community Member Responsibilities

- Participate in community engagement processes with patience and a good mind to respect diverse viewpoints
- Maintain a solutions based approach to community concerns
- Explain why you support or do not support something with patience and clarity
- Volunteer for community governance boards

Measuring Progress

- Community is informed, community is participating in decision-making
- Community is engaged to gauge their interests at the early stages of potential developments

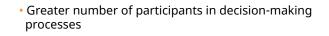
Key Challenges And Concerns

- · Community members feel leaders are reflecting narrow views and making decisions based on the short term
- In past engagements community members feel they were not listened to, damages trust going forward
- "Town-hall" meetings hear only the loudest voices, members are concerned for physical and emotional safety
- · Community members do not feel they have a say in how new projects or programs are implemented, short funding cycles prevent community organizations from taking time to do this engagement
- Organizations facilitating engagement are faced with low participation and must make decisions anyways
- The quick pace of investment decisions does not align with the time it takes to discuss them
- Many organizations have boards to empower community, but many struggle to recruit, retain and function effectively
- Community members feel disempowered, that money and power will outweigh their voice
- Forms of democratic decision making (e.g., voting in elections) can be perceived as colonial impositions

Discussion

With respect to the specific goal of **Participatory Decision Making**, community members voiced that we need to engage community at early stages of developments to hear their interests, instead of asking permission after decisions are made. Organizations need consistent and transparent ways of hearing community input that the community agrees to, and mechanisms of follow through. Some particular recommended actions that emerged from the Community Plan conversation that will help us move toward the goal of Participatory Decision Making are:

- around why all can't happen at once
- family meetings, etc.
- and issues can emerge organically, instead of only basing engagement around specific issues
- initiatives, online portals or apps, community mailouts)
- Develop a community-based board training and capacity building program
- by leaders that did not meet those standards
- Create standard expectations for leadership to attend community engagement events



• Our ways of building consensus through dialogue have been damaged

Require decision makers and leaders to take Community Engagement & Conflict Resolution training

• Develop a strategy for clearly communicating the costs of projects to community members to create awareness

Move away from the large town hall settings – commit resources needed to have smaller groups, round-tables,

Develop a sustained community engagement initiative – ongoing discussions where positives can be discussed,

Explore feasibility of alternative engagement approaches and share feasibility with community (door-to-door

• Develop standards of engagement and a process through which community members can appeal decisions made



GOVERNANCE | Qgwayanehsra² SELF-DETERMINATION

Goal: Pursue *SELF-DETERMINATION* in inter-government relationships.

Positive Change Impacts



Community Member Responsibilities

• Community members working together with good minds creates the collective we need to assert our rights and nationhood

Measuring Progress

 Relationships of mutual trust and understanding with other governments and Nations

Key Challenges And Concerns

- Lack of understanding and commitment to the original treaties that outline relationships of mutual respect
- Colonization continues to divide our community through siloed systems
- We are not creating strong relationships with other Indigenous Nations to build each other up
- Because we are so dependent on external governments we are subjected to short-term election cycles. We can lose programs and funding with the quick decisions of newly elected parties in distant legislatures
- External governments seem content to manage problems instead of creating mutually beneficial relationships
- Community is mixed about participating in external governments these systems continue to dictate our future in harmful ways, but without self-determination we need to have our voice heard
- Cycle of dependency we were made to rely on support which hinders our capacity to decide our own path
- Concern that external governments are degrading our nationhood to the equivalent of a municipality
- The Indian Act is unfair legislation which oppresses us we want to be free from it, but the community and all nations need to come together and come up with a real alternative

Discussion

Community Plan conversation that will help us move toward the goal of Self-Determination are:

- Support education initiatives for broader Canadian public to expand knowledge of our issues and treaties
- Training in negotiation for leaders that speak outside the community
- Continue to base **advocacy on our original treaties**
- Strengthen Community Planning as a community-led vision so that external governments can help us reach our goals instead of imposing their goals on us
- Organizing or supporting Haudenosaunee processes of inclusive nationhood and land in response to external government legislation
- Hold external governments accountable to their **fiduciary responsibilities** based on impacts to our human rights to food, shelter, water, culture, language and education, while resisting imposed laws and policies
- · Clarify and build capacity in **Consultation and Accommodation Process** to be based on Free, Prior and Informed Consent

 Government maintaining their fiduciary responsibilities but not having so much influence over how funds are used

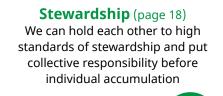
- With respect to the specific goal of **Self-Determination** community members voiced that we need to be able to determine our own future with strength. We need to partake in Haudenosaunee Nation building through strong relationships with other communities and welcoming our people home to build strength. Some particular recommended actions that emerged from the



GOVERNANCE | Qgwayanehsra² JUSTICE & COMMUNITY STANDARDS

Goal: Create an equitable system of JUSTICE & COMMUNITY STANDARDS.

Positive Change Impacts



Culture & Tradition (page 28) Building our approach to justice on our teachings of respect and responsibility can celebrate our culture

Retention (page 76)

We embrace our members

who leave for work or school

to keep them from being

victimized by external justice systems

Basic Needs (page 86)

Creating a justice-based

human rights approach can

ensure that all our members'

needs are being met

Land (page 46) Creating clear and agreed upon standards of how we care for our land enables us to use what we have wisely

Community Care (page 90) Setting our own standards of practice and care allows us to care for our community in the ways we know work



Safety & Emergency Services (page 56)

Having a community justicesystem can keep more of our people from the external system which can be unsafe

Housing (page 62)

Standards of living and home construction can ensure access to dignified housing and reduce conflict among homeowners

Community Member Responsibilities

- Use services of mediation and alternative dispute resolution
- Participate in decision making processes around what our community standards should be
- Uphold the expectations set by community through standards to protect and enhance what is important to us

Measuring Progress

- Community standards based on respect and responsibility are created
- Standards are upheld in a respectful way

Key Challenges And Concerns

- any kind of standards within the community
- avoiding damages.
- Fear that restrictive standards will make us homogeneous and conform to the standard of municipalities
- Our current system of individual land ownership and Certificates of Possession does not reflect our collective relationship with mother earth - individualized landowners or businesses are not accountable to community or environment
- Canadian justice system is not working for our community, our members are over-represented in detention
- We want to have our own systems of justice based on our culture of mediation and dialogue, but not all in the community may have the emotional capacity to engage in this way

Discussion

With respect to the specific goal of Justice & Community Standards community members voiced that we need systems of standards that are based on our culture of respect and responsibility. Implementing a system of community standards has challenges related to governance: the community needs to respect a governance system in order to respect the standards it creates. However, as Haudenosaunee people we have very high standards when it comes to community and the environment which we need to hold each other accountable to. Some particular recommended actions that emerged from the Community Plan conversation that will help us move toward the goal of Justice & Community Standards are:

- them with the support they need to meet the standards.
- must be dedicated to upholding standards. Particular standards community members voiced were:

 - Agricultural Land care standards
 - Animal Control and wellbeing standard

 - Food safety standards
 - · Landlord and Tenant Responsibility standards
 - Standards of membership that reflect our diversity while upholding culture
- Create a Justice and Mediation Centre so we can overtime rely more on our own mediation processes as opposed to external courts

- Less case load for Justice Department
- Community members facing justice are processed in our own community systems

• Many of the things we seek to protect as a community (e.g., environment, safety, children, wellbeing, etc.) are not subject to

Regulations or bylaws we do have are often transposed from outside and may not fit our unique community. Many based on the Canadian legal system – instead of being based on respect and responsibility they are based on organizations

 Develop Community-based justice program that upholds Haudenosaunee values based on peace, mediation and rehabilitation. Our approach should not punish those who are not meeting standards but uplift them and provide

• Standards need to be developed that represent the responsibilities we all have to each other and to the land. Community must be engaged in the process to ensure concerns and opportunities are reflected, staff and resources

Environmental standards for businesses and land owners and a Land Care Strategy

• Employment standards based on culture and employee wellbeing

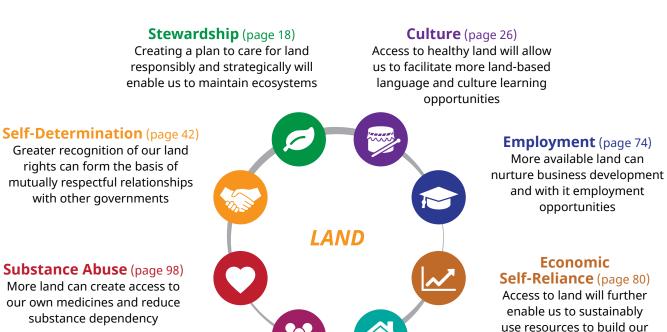
Emergency preparedness standard for organizations and workplaces



GOVERNANCE | Qgwayanehsra² LAND

Goal: Recover *LAND* and care for it responsibly.

Positive Change Impacts



economic base

Public Facilities (page 66)

Land availability will allow us

to build the facilities needed to

fit our community

Safety & Emergency Services (page 56)

When we have to fight less for our land, we reduce the safety risks that public demonstrations can bring

Community Member Responsibilities

• Take care of the land we currently have with a good mind

Measuring Progress

- More land recovered
- More agreements to share resources and have input into their sustainable use in the Haldimand and Nanfan territory

Key Challenges And Concerns

- The borders of our reserve are not sufficient for our needs of housing, services, facilities and environment as our community grows, and the cost of land is becoming unaffordable
- Neighbouring municipalities are encroaching on our territory with development
- We are not using the land we have responsibly— clearing forests and wetlands for houses and industry
- Without plan to use our land sustainably, development is uncoordinated, adjacent land uses are in conflict
- Building more densely can help us reduce our footprint, we do not want to simply replicate urbanization
- Currently, 94% of the land is under Certificate of Possession, landowners reject being told how to use their land. Further more, 'possession' does not reflect our relationship with mother earth based on responsibility
- As land is being bought up to grow the tobacco industry, price of land for housing, growing food, is going up
- We need clarity in how collective business opportunities relate to our land rights
- Disputes are arising between landowners about property lines, fences, septic placement, etc.

Discussion

With respect to the specific goal of **Land** the community members voiced that we need more of it, but also that it is our responsibility as Haudenosaunee people to use what we have to the highest standard. Some particular recommended actions that emerged from the Community Plan conversation that will help us move toward the goal of Land are:

- Push for greater recognition of rights in economic development outside the reserve
- Create a strategy for denser building of houses and facilities that reflects our community and culture, instead of just the standards of a municipality, so our development can have a lower footprint on the land
- Advocate with external governments for agreements based on our original treaties to share the land and use resources sustainably. We need to share our understanding of a healthy relationship with Mother Earth
- Advocate for land through consultation and accommodation agreements
- Develop our own land care plan and tenure system outside the Indian Act based on responsibility, not possession. Incorporate traditional understanding of land such as matrilineal responsibility, limit personal amounts to avoid monopolizing
- agreements to secure available land

• A plan in place for how we maintain a responsible relationship with the land in our care

Continue to develop land-based programming for health and education, which requires advocacy and land

COMMUNITY Qgwa:na:da

Participation & Communication Planning & Collaboration Recreation Safety & Emergency Services **Strong Families**

Did you know?

- New police station built in 2011.
- Dajoh Youth and Elders Centre completed in 2016, including a new splash pad.
- Six Nations Leisure Guide has been published for four years running with an increase in content every edition.
- Aerial boom truck acquired in 2017, Fire Training academy established at Station #5.
- Two community ambulances are on 24/7 in addition to a support ambulance and first responder vehicle.
- Ganohkwasra Youth Lodge built in 2016.
- Community Safety signs put up in 2017 with messages in Haudenosaunee Languages.

COMMUNITY: WHAT WE HEARD AROUND THE TABLE...

Where we have come from:

Community is the invisible fabric that weaves us together. In the past, we gathered more as families, clans and friendship groups for sports, games, and to engage on matters that affect our nations. Kinship within the community kept it safe, stable, enjoyable and peaceful; people had relationships with one another that they had to respect.

Where we are today:

We have a wealth of celebrations and events to bring people together, and a lot of young people taking on leadership roles. We have a growing number of sports and recreation options, and our athletes are leaders in their disciplines. Our fire and emergency services have come a long way in recent years which protects our safety and gives us a chance to be helped by our fellow community members.

As we have grown to be the largest Indigenous community in Canada, we have also grown apart from one another. Disconnection and isolation allow more issues such as crime and drugs to enter our community and cause safety problems. A lack of mental, spiritual and emotional wellbeing causes safety challenges within the community. We hunger for more opportunities to come together to discuss matters, have fun, and celebrate Six Nations.

There is a gap in how we come together for planning and political engagement. We care strongly about our community, but we don't always have the opportunity to communicate it clearly. Sometimes this leads to disruption and political fractures which can put safety at risk. Our organizations are working hard to better plan, communicate and coordinate with each other so our resources can be used more wisely.

How we will move into the future:

We will rebuild families and relationships to strengthen the fabric that makes up community. We will encourage and support people's passion for their community and help them channel their ideas and energy to create positive change. As we provide more opportunities to heal as a community, and better plan our programs and services, safety will be less reactionary – instead it will be something we maintain and uphold through our responsibilities to each other.





COMMUNITY | Qgwa:na:da² PARTICIPATION & COMMUNICATION

Goal: Promote engaged **PARTICIPATION & COMMUNICATION** among community members.

Positive Change Impacts

Waste Management (page 22) Communication around impacts of waste, and participation of our people will help us manage waste

Culture & Tradition (page 28) Participating and communicating with good minds can restore our culture of togetherness

Employment (page 74)

Improved communication

of available opportunities

means more jobs filled by the

right people

Basic Needs (page 86)

When our people are

struggling less to meet

basic needs they have time

to be engaged community

members

Self-Determination (page 42)

More active participation from community members builds confidence that we can change and challenges the cycle of dependency

Mental Wellness (page 92) While fear and anxiety can be barriers to participation, engaging in events and programs can ease loneliness over time



Planning & **Collaboration** (page 52) When our people communicate their vision for the future we can more easily collaborate on shared goals

Infrastructure (page 64)

Greater communication around costs, timelines and impacts can increase community support and implementation success

Community Member Responsibilities

- Participate in events with good minds, patience and respect to community events
- Volunteer for events
- Start grassroots initiatives to tackle issues most important to you and your family
- Participate in decision making processes

Measuring Progress

- Higher participation numbers at community events and in programming
- · More positive and respectful conversation at community events

Key Challenges And Concerns

- Limited opportunities to come together and celebrate success,
- Community members are not aware of all the programming available to them, particularly Youth
- Lack of uptake on advertisement and public communications
- Grassroots organizations have a difficult time recruiting and retaining volunteers
- Negativity and lateral violence between community members makes people not feel safe to participate
- Social Media and technology can connect us, but can be isolating if not balanced with human interaction

Suggested Lead Partners

- Governance Social Services
- New and emerging organizations

Timeline

	OBJECTIVES		
	Develop a volunteer coordination database	NOT STARTED	Ce pa
SHORT (2019-2024)	Develop a consistent and sustained youth engagement process	IN PROGRESS	Yc Pr
	Create community development info strategy	NOT STARTED	Co op
	Annual festival to celebrate success	IN PROGRESS	Co tie
MEDIUM	Hire communications staff within each community organization	IN PROGRESS	So sh de
(2025-2029)	Build spaces to host small group discussions	PLANNING	Sc at
	Develop technology/social media education strategy	NOT STARTED	Te cc ce
LONG (2030-2039)	Six Nations community app	NOT STARTED	Aj ac fo

- Increase in volunteer participation and commitment
- · More community celebrations and festivals

Community Planning

STATUS IN 2019

entral Database needed for grassroots initiatives to find volunteers, celebrate articipation.

outh council exists and working towards regular meeting and feed-in process, Youth Life romotion is expanding this work, various youth groups are ongoing.

ommunity needs to be made more aware of successes, realistic costs of new projects, pportunities for growth and reasons for delay.

community awareness week is focused on community achievement, but not always ied to our success on long-term goals.

ome departments have communications specialists, but largely relying on a hared communications department which is overburdened with communicating all epartmental initiatives.

Social Services is considering building small spaces that community members can use at old school sites to host discussions.

each children how to use technology responsibly, how to balance it with in-person ontact. Develop more apps that integrate our culture and language so tech can elebrate our culture, not threaten it.

App for members to see event and programming information, local businesses can dvertise. Kiosks could be developed to communicate the information in public places or those without smart phone access.

COMMUNITY | Qgwa:na:da' PLANNING & COLLABORATION

Goal: Develop a process of *PLANNING & COLLABORATION* to guide community change.

Positive Change Impacts



Community Member Responsibilities

- Taking initiative within personal and work roles to collaborate with others on community development initiatives
- Engage in decision-making processes around community development

Measuring Progress

- New projects and programs happening with consideration of interconnections with all priorities
- To have an unbiased community plan that is a reflection of the community voice

Key Challenges And Concerns

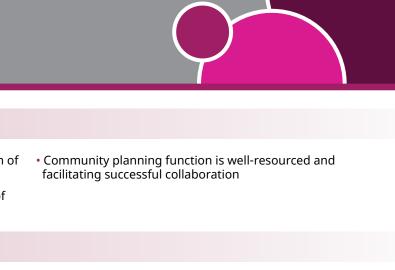
- Divided funding streams put organizations in 'silos' and can prohibit collaboration toward common goals, even lead to duplicated or competing programing. Arms length organizations can feel especially disconnected
- Short funding cycles prevent holistic project planning (i.e., coordinating stakeholders before development)
- Arms-length organizations often receive information about projects or funding more slowly
- Collaboration always requires going above and beyond initially often individuals burdened with multiple responsibilities don't have time to think outside the box
- Plans are created but resources may be lacking for implementation, community can lose trust in the process
- Various application-based funding opportunities in the community require us to compete among each-other

Suggested Lead Partners

- Governance
- Economic Development Trust
- Community Trust
- Public Works

Timeline

OBJECTIVES			
SHORT (2019-2024)	Coordinate community funding agencies	IN PROGRESS	P d
	Establish continual community planning function	N PROGRESS	C ir
	Develop community success monitoring program	PLANNING	" b
	Create inter-departmental project management approach	NOT STARTED	S p c
	Execute comprehensive community needs study	NOT STARTED	C n e ir
MEDIUM (2025-2029)	Establish a long-term planning and infrastructure committee	IN PROGRESS	P D Io
LONG (2030-2039)	Create a Community Land Strategy	NOT STARTED	N a



- Lands & Membership
- Community Planning
- New and emerging organizations

STATUS IN 2019

Preliminary talks between different trusts to coordinate funding and reduce duplication.

Community Plan update in 2019 brings new concerns and solutions, requires broad commitment to turn words into action, facilitate collaboration and monitor success and impact. Mechanisms needed for accountability among organizations to community plan Goals.

"Monitoring success" indicators were identified through 2019 Community Plan update. but dedicated resources and staff required to further define and monitor these.

System needed to notify community organizations of new projects or programs in planning stages to increase collaboration and reduce duplication. Must be based on a coordinated capital plan.

Community Plan update in 2019 has identified needs, comprehensive data collection needed to quantify gaps (e.g., how many are food secure, how many are employed, etc.) Resources required to conduct new research, coordinate multi-sector studies and nformation-sharing

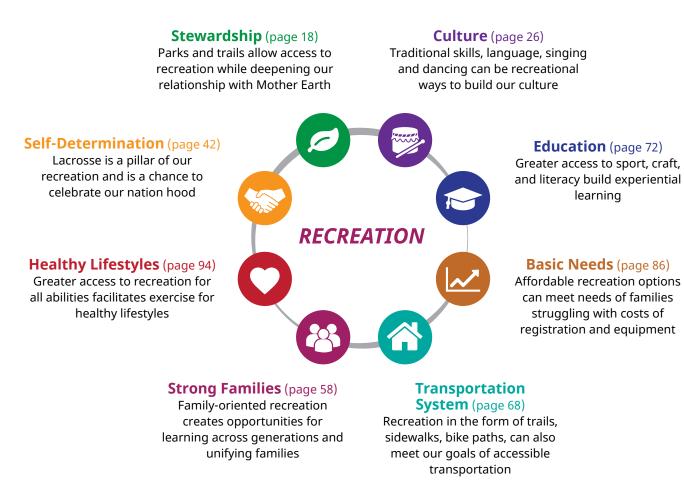
Public works coordinating discussions on new developments, but connects to Self-Determination Goal - advocacy for longer funding commitments needed before real long-term planning can happen.

No specific action taken, strategy needed to coordinate development, less piecemeal approach. Will require greater unity in governance.

COMMUNITY | Qgwa:na:da² RECREATION

Goal: Provide diverse *RECREATION* for all ages and abilities.

Positive Change Impacts



Community Member Responsibilities

- Participate in the excellent programs already provided
- Facilitate a program based around a skill or hobby you can share
- Respect existing trails and parks through safe and clean use
- Volunteer to coach and be a positive role-model

Measuring Progress

- Broader spectrum of recreation options
- Safe and low cost recreation programs for youth, adults and elders

Key Challenges And Concerns

- Sport options can be overly competitive and exclude casual participation
- Lack of community land for park or trail development; outdoor recreation options have been unsafe in the past
- Lacrosse culture has become focused on ego and competition
 lost connection to it as the creator's game
- Behaviour problems of youth and adults can make it hard for recreation facilitators to safely run activities
- Cost of sport equipment and paying to use parks and facilities excludes some community members
- Maintenance and check-ins of parks and equipment is not kept up, parks are subject to vandalism

Suggested Lead Partners

- Parks and Recreation Department
- Health Services Social Services

Timeline

	OBJECTIVES		
SHORT (2019-2024)	Expand youth, elder and family programming at Dajoh in diverse options) IN PROGRESS	Ne ca co M
	Provide diverse non- competitive recreation leagues	IN PROGRESS	Sc ag
MEDIUM (2025-2029)	Develop structure to provide free or low-cost recreation for community members	IN PROGRESS	Fa m Pa
	Build more play grounds and parks	IN PROGRESS	Tv m co
	Develop Iroquois Lacrosse Association and standards	PLANNING	Ac he bu As be
LONG (2030-2039)	Develop community trail network	PLANNING	To is
	Build a Six Nations Community Pool	NOT STARTED	Fe

- Greater participation in existing recreation
- An increase in safe and accessible outdoor recreation options (parks and playgrounds)

• Focus on physical activity is healthy, but need to expand view what is considered recreation, such as art, culture, music, literacy, etc.

- Minor sports
- Kayanase
- Six Nations Tourism
- New/emerging orgs

STATUS IN 2019

eed for more Parks & Recreation staff to facilitate, dedicated leads for different age ategories based around age-appropriate healthy development, need for greater ollaboration among different organizations providing recreation to reduce overlap. lore emphasis needed on music, art, dance etc. options.

ome co-ed casual sports leagues exist, more diversity needed in the sports offered and ges targeted.

acilities are very costly to maintain, but charging a fee can be a barrier to community Partnership program in place for Chiefswood Park and Gathering Place by the Grand.

wo of the old school sites have been converted to parks, need more resources for nonitoring and maintenance of existing parks, and to create more parks around the ommunity on community land.

ction needed to root our game in our teachings as the creator's game to promote ealthy competition. We need leagues to be based on standards of good mind uilding up young players to be ambassadors of our culture and community. ssembly of First Nations initiated and Indigenous Lacrosse Association which is eing explored locally.

ourism and Kayanase have plans to expand trail network but private landownership a barrier. Could align with future transportation options of biking and walking trails.

easibility studies need to be completed to explore different options and locations.



Goal: Enhance community **SAFETY & EMERGENCY SERVICES**.

Positive Change Impacts

Climate Change (page 24) Being prepared for emergency situations will help us adapt as the climate changes around us

Justice & Community **Standards** (page 44)

If standards reflect our values, local police forces mandated to uphold them will have greater community trust

Wellbeing (page 88)

As the community heals, there will be less need for reactive safety /emergency response and more proactive wellness



Strong Families (page 58) Increased police, fire and ambulance services can keep families safe and together in times of crisis

Built Environment (page 60) All building projects can

Culture & Tradition (page 28)

Caring in times of need and keeping

each other safe is a reflection of our

culture

Education (page 72)

A holistic approach to safety

can increase access to

experiential and land-based

learning (i.e., by mitigating

liability barriers)

Local Economy (page 84)

Local businesses will

experience less business

delays when we are more

resilient to local emergencies

be planned to put safety considerations at the forefront

Community Member Responsibilities

- Take safety and first aid training
- Develop family emergency plans including checking on elderly/vulnerable neighbours and family members
- Teach the importance of safety in our culture to children, based on love, peace and respect
- Create a community safety watch based on love, peace and respect
- Manage pets responsibly

Measuring Progress

- An emergency management plan is in place, community is aware of it and roles are understood
- In emergency situations, community members and property are kept safe and long-term trauma is mitigated
- As healing and cultural connection increase, crime, violence and accidents decrease putting less demand on emergency services

• Safe and controlled relationship with animals

Key Challenges And Concerns

- · Currently reactive instead of proactive to major emergencies
- · Emergency preparedness measures are not widely communicated or understood
- Intergenerational trauma can lead to violence
- Lack of respect for standards meant to keep others safe (e.g., speed limits)
- Stray dogs are a concern for safety in the community

Suggested Lead Partners

- Health Services
- Police Service
- Ganohkwasra

- Fire Department

Timeline

	OBJECTIVES		
SHORT (2019-2024)	Build a Sexual Assault and Healing Centre	PLANNING	C S
	Functional emergency plan for organizations and members	PLANNING	P a
	Support programs for EMS front line workers	IN PROGRESS	S b
	Acquire tanker capacity for Fire Department	PLANNING	F
	Hire more full-time firefighters and administration	IN PROGRESS	C t
	Expand Police Service to meet needs of community	IN PROGRESS	N
	Expand paramedic service to more complete, continuous community care	IN PROGRESS	C e h
MEDIUM (2025-2029)	Establish a Sharps disposal program	PLANNING	F r
	Expand Animal Control Function and build new facility	PLANNING	C f
	Enhance Fire Stations	PLANNING	S
LONG (2030-2039)	Complete hydrant coverage	PLANNING	C C



• Private businesses do not share information with EMS that would increase preparedness (such as layout, staffing, etc.)

- Paramedic Services
- Emergency Planning Committee
- New and emerging organizations

STATUS IN 2019

Ganohkwasra has secured funding for a Sexual Assault and Healing Centre to be built. Staff needed for programming, and land to build.

Plan being developed as a side in other roles, needs commitment from all organizations and dedicated coordinator/communication position.

Some piecemeal services provided, long-term commitment and resources required to best care for workers.

Hydrants are insufficient as water main coverage is incomplete, and pressure is too low. Resources required for tanker capacity in short term.

Currently relying heavily on volunteers, resources required for full time hires. Existing training facility will support this growth in the long term.

More officers needed to meet community safety needs.

Community paramedicine model (preventative community care) being added to existing service. Additional resources, new building and satellite station needed to house equipment.

Public disposal and collection system needed for sharps to promote personal responsibility for health and wellbeing.

Currently reacting to calls and offering some preventative services, staff and dedicated facility needed to offer holisitic shelter and preventative care.

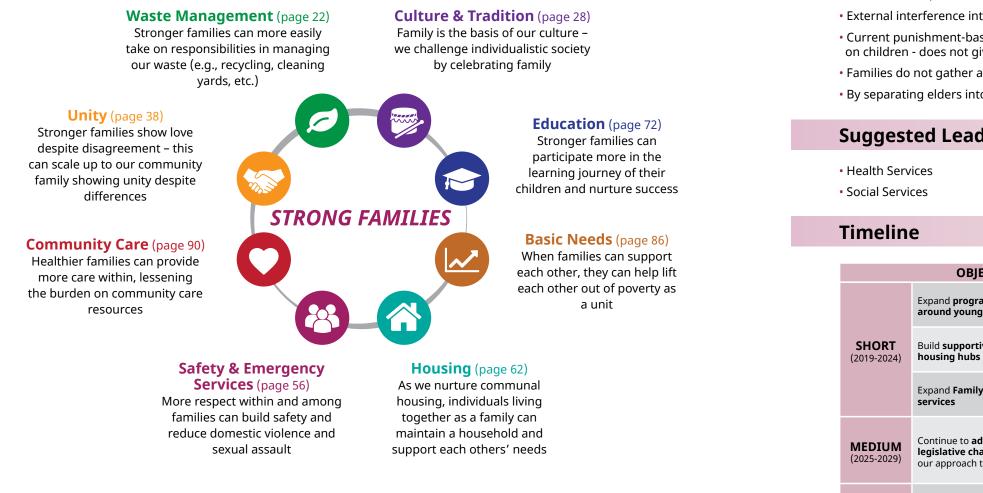
Several new stations and upgrades to existing ones required to meet needs.

Dependent on complete water main coverage. Resources required for complete coverage.

COMMUNITY | Qgwa:na:da' STRONG FAMILIES

Goal: Build STRONG FAMILIES.

Positive Change Impacts



Community Member Responsibilities

- Understand your role in working towards your own wellbeing, spreading that to your immediate family and then beyond to community
- Organize events, picnics, celebrations or volunteer opportunities to bring your family together

Measuring Progress

- Greater understanding of lineage and clan family where possible
- Strong and united family units

Key Challenges And Concerns

- The effects of residential schools and generations that did not learn to parent affect families today, trauma is passed on in terms of abuse, domestic violence, neglect, sexual assault and parents not teaching life skills
- External interference into how we parent our children has disrupted our families
- Current punishment-based approach to parents involved in crime or substance abuse losing and gaining custody has impact on children - does not give stable, nurturing love that children need
- Families do not gather as much anymore
- By separating elders into isolated housing, we lose our best teachers

Suggested Lead Partners

- Birthing Centre
- Ganohkwasra

OBJECTIVES			
SHORT (2019-2024)	Expand programs which wrap around young families	IN PROGRESS	F
	Build supportive transitional housing hubs	IN PROGRESS	N c r
	Expand Family Mediation services	IN PROGRESS	C a e
MEDIUM (2025-2029)	Continue to advocate for legislative change that reflects our approach to child welfare) IN PROGRESS	Р Р Г
LONG (2030-2039)	Build Family Longhouses	NOT STARTED	N S C Y
	Develop our own child welfare law	NOT STARTED	E r



- Housing
- Justice

- Ogwadeni:deo
- Schools

STATUS IN 2019

Programs needed to teach life skills and how to safely and respectfully raise disciplined children. Several programs are available but young parents still in need of greater support and role-modeling

New development in Ohsweken will merge services that families need and offer a range of housing so families can heal together. Further land and resources required to create more hubs throughout the community.

Ogwadeni:deo and Justice offer mediation services, but there is limited participation and commitment from community members as these avenues can be more emotionally demanding than other interventions.

Development of Ogwadenni:deo, (Taking Care of our Own) framework gives Six Nations ability to have own Indigenous CAS and focus on both prevention and protection. Further changes needed to put care in the hands of our community. Traditional Family values central in Birthing Centre but more resources needed to provide service to more mothers.

Need to build places where families can live more communally, care for each other, share responsibilities of making a home. People need to be well enough to live like this but living like this would help healing. If a parent struggles with substances or crime, child could still have stability of broader family. Would cross generations, elder and youth living together: "Clan-dos" (see Goal: Housing).

Eventually our objective is to have our own law or standard that describes how we raise our children to keep families together and provide stability for children.



BUILT ENVIRONMENT Dę² Qgwahsronyahno²

Did you know?

- Five bridges have been rehabilitated or replaced since 2014.
- Silo provides internet access to 95% of the community.
- There are 304 residential units and 99 commercial units on the communal wastewater system.
- 2881 Housing units in 2016.
- 2018 federally funded schools were connected to waterlines.
- 95 home development on 4th line began in 2017 (20 elders' units, 45 townhomes, 30 single family homes, five 3-bedroom townhomes complete in 2019).
- We have our own Natural Gas entity with 100% coverage of the community.

Housing Infrastructure **Public/Service Facilities Transportation System**

BUILT ENVIRONMENT: WHAT WE HEARD AROUND THE TABLE...

Where we have come from:

Like our cultural and governance systems, there is power in the way our communities were traditionally designed. Our Built Environment brought us together as families in our longhouses, which could expand to accommodate us as we grew. Surrounded by our sustenance in fields and gardens as well as our protective enclosures and strategic locations, our longhouses provided us safe and nurturing places to grow. We were not separated and learned to live together as families, nurture healthy relationships and manage our challenges internally. Our roads were simple and connected us to each other and to our lands. Through planning and respectful management, we had access to clean, safe and dependable water supplies.

Where we are today:

Even recently in the Grand River Territory we had access to clean water, but over time through development within and outside the community, our water sources have become unusable. Now, to have clean water we have to rely on expensive infrastructure projects. Drinkable water either comes through a pipe or in a plastic bottle and there is little relationship with it. However, we take great pride in our water treatment system and it is expanding to serve more and more in the community.

Physically, mentally and emotionally, many in our community are isolated while others struggle in overcrowded, unhealthy and unsafe conditions. The nature of our individualized homes also provides an atmosphere where violence and illness can fester. Our modern homes have also become reflective of the economic disparity in the community; some have much more while others can't access their basic needs.

We have made incredible strides in our roads and bridges. This modern infrastructure is impressive and allows for greater comfort and ease but also creates a division between our built environment and Mother Earth; we pass by Mother Earth as we speed down our roads and need to clear more land around our homes and facilities. Our limited resources hinder our ability to keep infrastructure maintained to a standard we can all be proud of. Our community members with no vehicles or resources to pay for private transportation struggle to access their needs.

How we will move into the future:

We will integrate the natural and built environment to connect us more with Mother Nature and each other. As we develop our lands, we will work to make sure that all have access to safe and affordable housing and facilities and will do so in a way that cares for the land and strengthens connections between us. We will explore options so that all our members can have the ability to travel freely in and around our community. We will celebrate our culture through our built environment to remind us of who we are and where we came from.





BUILT ENVIRONMENT | Dę' Qgwahsronyahno' HOUSING

Goal: Have safe and comfortable *HOUSING* options for all.

Positive Change Impacts



Community Member Responsibilities

- Practice Financial Planning to uphold loan commitments
- Consider alternative, shared living situations that build community
- Consider eco-friendly, smaller footprint housing options to use less resources
- Use skills to build, upkeep and expand your home to meet your needs

Measuring Progress

- Increased access to affordable housing
- · Higher portion of members living on- vs. off-reserve
- More communal living options

Key Challenges And Concerns

- Housing availability and affordability, many families are living in overcrowded homes
- Homelessness in our community is hidden
- · Poor quality housing is undignified, and members take risks like using heaters or gas ovens that are unsafe
- Change toward a consumerist culture, building bigger homes, less connected with neighbours and families
- Consequences for people not paying back loans; lack of repayment affects Housing's ability to offer loans
- Renters can take advantage of landlords, and vice versa
- · Lack of connection with off-reserve housing issues

Suggested Lead Partners

- Housing
- Social Services
- Public Works

Health Services

Timeline

	OBJECTIVES			
SHORT (2019-2024)	Develop elders housing fund	PLANNING	Su th Pi in	
	Tailor housing loan program to facilitate alternative housing with lower footprint	NOT STARTED	Cı w ho	
	Offer home & yard maintenance education	PLANNING	Lo ho a	
MEDIUM (2025-2029)	Enhance Six Nations Housing Loan Program	IN PROGRESS	N D ol	
	Address housing needs	IN PROGRESS	N N st	
	Create a renter and landlord bill of rights/responsibilities	NOT STARTED	Re ar	
LONG (2030-2039)	Build emergency housing or homeless shelter	NOT STARTED	C	
	Encourage cooperative , communal, and higher-density housing options for new builds	NOT STARTED	So co ge	



- Community Planning
- Ontario Works
- New and emerging organizations

STATUS IN 2019

ustained funding required to support elders in renovation to meet their needs as hey age, and perform regular maintenance. Residential Rehabilitation and Assistance program and senior relief fund through Ontario Works are available but limited and nconsistent.

urrently we build in the most cost-effective way which is not always green, should work with people building homes to explore alternative options such as tiny homes, passive omes.

oan recipients could be provided training and be required to commit to standards of ome and yard maintenance based on ability. Housing department planning to deliver program to educate renters.

leeded to reduce interest costs and keep money in the community. Housing Department is nearly self-sufficient from loan repayment and admin fees, eventual bjective is to take role of banks with counter loan service.

leed for smaller housing units for single people, elders, people living with disabilities. lext phase of Housing Department development in Ohsweken is 8 accessible bachelor tyle apartments.

Recourse needed to uphold standards of respect and responsibility between landlords and tenants.

ommunity members in crisis or disaster currently are not supported.

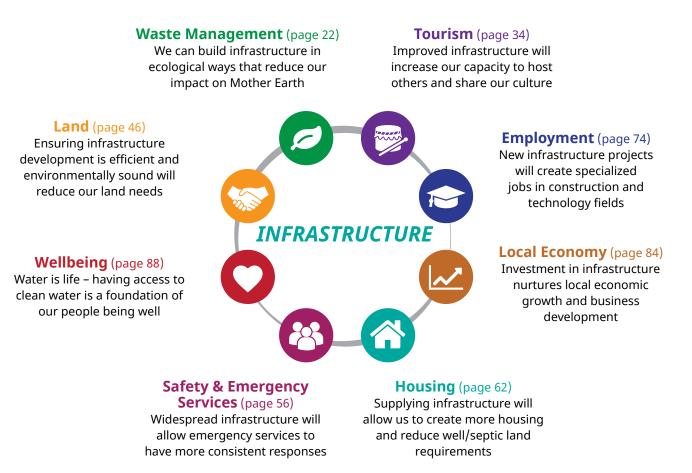
Some in community are looking to embrace traditional ways of living in modern contexts – modern longhouses or 'clan-dos', to share resources and bring families and generations together. Currently the housing and land policies do not promote this communal approach



BUILT ENVIRONMENT | Dę' Qgwahsronyahno' INFRASTRUCTURE

Goal: Supply *INFRASTRUCTURE* across our community.

Positive Change Impacts



Community Member Responsibilities

- Where possible reduce personal impact of excess water usage, sewage creation, or inefficient hydro usage
- Be patient with change in long time frames associated with big infrastructure projects

Measuring Progress

- Access to clean drinking water for all
- Reliable technology including internet
- Greater electricity reliability, reduced costs and reduced overall demand

Key Challenges And Concerns

- for families
- Cost of hydro puts burden on community and grid is not reliable
- · Community departments rely on fibre optics which are outdated
- Lack of internet access limits community members awareness of initiatives and engagements offered
- Wastewater lagoon is at capacity leading to environmental concerns, septic truck is expensive and slow for homeowners
- Private landholders often reluctant to give land allowance for collective infrastructure projects

Suggested Lead Partners

- Public Works • Six Nations Natural Gas
- Six Nations Fire and Emergency Services

Timeline

	OBJECTIVES		
	Increase electricity efficiency in public facilities	PLANNING	M cc re
SHORT	Water treatment certification training within community	IN PROGRESS	Se su co
(2019-2024)	Upgrade internet speed and coverage	PLANNING	Co co Pl
	Expand waste water system to accommodate short term need	IN PROGRESS	E> al te
	Expand water mains to the entire community	IN PROGRESS	Cı se
MEDIUM (2025-2029)	Identify assistance program for hookup costs to water main	NOT STARTED	M in pi
	Enhance drainage in the community	IN PROGRESS	Pl la
LONG (2030-2039)	Develop local power authority and sustainable generation	NOT STARTED	N la
	Build new Wastewater Treatment Plant and wastewater collection system	PLANNING	A re sy

 Clean and responsible wastewater (sewage) system accessible to all

Lack of access to drinking water is impacting our health. Water main expansion is positive but accessing it is still expensive

• New and emerging organizations

Community Planning

STATUS IN 2019

Aintaining infrastructure, reducing consumption in public buildings, assess ommunity usage. 2018 Community Energy Plan summarized needs and resources equired to implement all recommendations.

everal community members have the qualifications but need more staff for a sustainable workforce and to accommodate growth. Currently staff have to leave the community to obtain this specialized certification.

ommunity departments use outdated fibre optics and internet access is not onsistent across the community. Fibre upgrades are costed but require resources. lan required to increase access for community members.

Expansion of waste lagoon and four solar-powered mixers to be completed in 2019 along with upgrades to Stoneridge Peatland system. Stopgap solution until longer erm solution achieved.

Current coverage is at 20 %, resources are required to complete the remaining egments (Further information needed on this action).

Any community members are unable to pay costs of water line hookup leading to nequitable access. Resources needed to create grant or interest-free loan program to provide equal access to water

lan in place to enhance drainage of McKenzie and Boston Creeks, funding and andowner permissions for new drainage are ongoing barriers.

No specific action taken. Feasibility study necessary to explore power authority and and required for alternative energy generation.

sewage system and treatment plant have been costed but will require significant esources. Short term action of lagoon expansion to accommodate need until full vstem is implemented.



BUILT ENVIRONMENT | Dę' Qgwahsronyahno' PUBLIC/SERVICE FACILITIES

Goal: Create *PUBLIC/SERVICE FACILITIES* that fit our developing community.

Positive Change Impacts



Community Member Responsibilities

- Take responsibility for misuse and vandalism hold each other accountable to treat our public facilities with respect
- Develop a community group to take initiative in creating the facilities we need—the arena or the skate park are great examples of public facilities being led by community initiative

Measuring Progress

- Buildings are accessible for all community members
- New public facilities are built strategically with broad consideration for all priorities

Key Challenges And Concerns

- Lack of accessibility of public buildings for elders or disabled
- Facilities are built on tight budgets where long-term safety, maintenance, infrastructure, environmental and design considerations are not always made.
- public facilities
- Fears that urbanization will degrade the uniqueness of our community if it is done without intention
- Public facilities are subjected to vandalism and misuse

Suggested Lead Partners

- Public Works
- Community Planning • Six Nations Natural Gas
- Community Living

	OBJECTIVES		
SHORT (2019-2024)	Conduct accessibility inventory and for renovations	PLANNING	Ir Ei
MEDIUM (2025-2029)	Make all public facilities accessible	IN PROGRESS	H te
	Create community engagement and planning strategy for public facility design and maintenance	NOT STARTED	Ci Ci ai ei Ea fa
	Create inter-organization facility planning strategy	IN PROGRESS	M re ne
LONG (2030-2039)	Accessibility in private businesses	NOT STARTED	Ci w re

New Facilities Needed (See Details On Related Goal Page)

Public Library and Archive Facility (Goal: Education) Animal Control Facility and Shelter (Goal: Safety & EMS) Elder Care Facilities (Goal: Community Care) Homeless Shelter (Goal: Housing) Urgent Care/Walk-in Clinic Space (Goal: Community Care) Arts Centre (Goal: Arts) New playgrounds and park spaces (Goal: Recreation) Community Farm Resource Centre (Goal: Food System) Residential Treatment Centre (Goal: Substance Abuse)



• Lack of understanding among community members around the enormous cost and planning time required to build quality

- New/emerging orgs.
- Six Nations Fire & **Emergency Services**
- Health Services

STATUS IN 2019

nventory of accessibility deficiencies needed, design renovations and estimate costs. ngage elders and disabled community members.

lappening in piecemeal way but resources needed to meet needs identified in short erm Inventorv

Create strategy for community engagement in design to create ownership and pride. Community buildings can integrate Mother Earth and reflect Haudenosaunee culture and design. Engagement needs to involve infrastructure and safety organizations to nsure designs are realistic for maintenance, construction and emergency response. ach organization should develop a 5, 10, 20 year strategic plan to highlight expected acility/infrastructure needs. Strategy should include broad Built Environment safety onsiderations such as lighting, pedestrian access, etc.

Many organizations are seeking new/expanded facilities. Collaboration can share esources effectively and centralize services for community access. Land care plan eeded to strategically site new facilities.

reate partnerships with private businesses to assist in planning and funding of what vill be needed to make them fully accessible. Greater coordination among businesses equired (see Goal: Local Economy

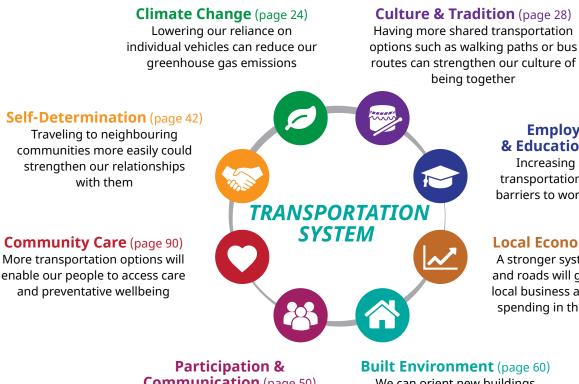
Community Ambulance Facility (Goal: Safety & EMS) Sexual Assault and Healing Centre (Goal: Safety & EMS) Six Nations Community Pool (Goal: Recreation) Human Services Transitional Housing Hubs (Goal: Strong Families) Mental Health and Addictions Facility (Goal: Mental Wellness) Community Re-Use Centre (Goal: Waste Management) Justice & Mediation Centre (Goal: Justice & Community Standards) Fire Stations (Goal: Safety & Emergency Services) **Central Adminstration Building** (multiple goals)



BUILT ENVIRONMENT | Dę' Qgwahsronyahno' TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM

Goal: Develop a complete community *TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM*.

Positive Change Impacts



Communication (page 50) A strengthened transportation system will allow greater participation in events and engagements

Built Environment (page 60)

Employment

& Education (page 70)

Increasing access to

transportation will reduce

barriers to work and school

Local Economy (page 84)

A stronger system of transit

and roads will grow access to

local business and keep more spending in the community

We can orient new buildings around transportation for well connected community development

Community Member Responsibilities

- Support new transit options as they become available in the community (walking, biking, bus or other shared means)
- Carpool when possible
- Uphold safe rules of the road—awareness for those walking and biking

Measuring Progress

- · Community members can access their needs throughout the community
- Roads are high-quality and maintained proactively
- Disabled and elderly are experiencing full mobility and have equal access to events, services

Key Challenges And Concerns

- Families may not have access to a car or a license
- Roads are not safe to walk or bike on today
- Mobility is a barrier to safety rural nature of our community can stop people from escaping abuse or violence
- Local businesses do not adhere to limited heavy truck use which further degrades roads
- Parking at public facilities is crowded
- Concerns that public transit would be unsafe

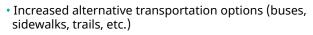
Suggested Lead Partners

 Public Works • GREAT/OSTTC

 Schools Health Services

Timeline

	OBJECTIVES		
SHORT (2019-2024)	Conduct a Comprehensive Public Transit Study	PLANNING	Pi a b tr d
	Enhance road and bridge maintenance capacity	NOT STARTED	Pi ke to
	Expand Medical Transportation	IN PROGRESS	C th
MEDIUM (2025-2029)	Begin putting sidewalks and/ or bike lanes into new road reconstruction projects	NOT STARTED	C Si fe
LONG (2030-2039)	Create Public Transit network	NOT STARTED	0



• Decreased reliance on individual cars

Quality of roads is poor with potholes, but organizations responsible are limited in their ability to keep up with maintenance

- Social Services
- Community Planning
- New and emerging organizations

STATUS IN 2019

reliminary study was done in 2011 to gauge community interest, but no further ction was taken. Discussion with Brantford around shared Transit is ongoing, electric bus pilot project being initiated. Updated study needs to include a broader view of ransportation options such as walking and biking, examine feasibility and costs of lifferent options.

Public Works currently forced to sacrifice preventative road and bridge maintenance to keep up with decay on short budget. Significant staff, resources and equipment needed o maintain road network responsibly.

Currently sharing two vans among many organizations and there are limits for how hey can be used

Comprehensive Public Transit Study needed first to gauge need, utility and feasibility. ignificant resources will be required to ensure designs are safe, integrate natural eatures, and can be maintained.

comprehensive Public Transit Study needed first to gauge need, utility and feasibility. Dutcome must be fully accessible for disabled and elderly, connect with neighbouring communities, be affordable, consistent and safe.

EMPLOYMENT & EDUCATION: WHAT WE HEARD AROUND THE TABLE...

Where we have come from:

As Haudenosaunee people, education is a lifelong journey for us. From the womb until we pass onto the spirit world we learn to listen and think with a good mind. Traditionally, work in the community was based on developing our gifts, and so we all have a role which nurtured our self-esteem. Residential schools over several generations have hurt our relationship with education, as have curriculums and measuring tools based on western values and norms. Because of these and other factors, we have approached education with caution and a culture of education has been slow to build in the community.

Where we are today:

Every year, more and more of our people are graduating from schooling that prepares them for jobs which empower them. Still, our education system is unfairly compared to more well-funded systems and with a Western lens that tells us our ways are not good enough. We are making great strides in integrating Haudenosaunee language and culture into our education. Our young people have also expressed a need to be stimulated mentally, physically, emotionally and spiritually through experiential and holistic learning. They crave more meaningful and personalized education.

With regards to employment, today's consumer-driven society distracts us from a sense of responsibility of working for the community as we pursue wealth and focus on "what you have" not "what you can give". Many who choose to work in the community may not be compensated for the hard work that they do. Those who pursue higher education to help the community are often confronted with limited job options and pay, and may leave home for better opportunities. Despite these challenges, we have a growing local economy that employs many of our people and keeps them close to home.

How we will move into the future:

We will rebuild our community by focusing on the youth and coming faces. Education and employment are important tools that help us strive for self-sufficiency. Learning how to speak, have a good mind and healthy relationships lay a foundation of education as healing. An education system based on Haudenosaunee culture will lead to our people identifying and building their strengths so they can confidently contribute to the community through employment. When we invest in learning our culture and language, we are protecting who we are for future generations. Revitalizing our education and employment will strengthen the community by having more of our people at home.



EMPLOYMENT & EDUCATION

Adadrihonyani:', Gaiho'dehsra' hni'

Education **Employment** Connection

Did you know?

- Education Facilities include 8 Schools (federal and immersion schools),
- 1 Immersion high school, 1 Alternative learning high school (STEAM program),
- 1 Nations Newstart Learning Centre, 4 Daycares (2 public, 1 private, 1 immersion),
- 2 Trades training facilities, 1 Midwifery Education Program, 1 Post Secondary Institution.
- SN Public Library is the largest First Nations library with over 40,000 items in collection and has partnerships with neighbouring libraries so membership with SNPL can be used to access resources in other libraries.
- Six Nations Polytechnic established the Brantford Campus in 2015.
- 2016-2017 Post Secondary Graduates included 253 College, 415 Undergraduate, 39 Master's, 15 PhD.
- Grand River Employment and Training (GREAT) identified of 650 clients, 505 are currently employed.



Goal: Develop a community-based holistic life-long *EDUCATION* approach.

Positive Change Impacts



Community Member Responsibilities

- Support the success of children and grand children in school, get involved with their education journey
- · Participate in lifelong regardless of whatever your age

Measuring Progress

- Community-led education based on our culture
- Diverse learning environments for various needs
- Increased adult learning and training options
- Full family participation in child's education

- Young people finishing school prepared for fields that interest them and that serve the community
- Strengthened literacy and numeracy outcomes
- Teachers are mainly our own community members

Key Challenges And Concerns

- Our students are not finishing with equal skills to neighbouring communities
- We are forced to teach according to marks and measurements as opposed to experiential learning
- Children with learning disabilities or special needs are not accommodated and recognized for their gifts
- Post-secondary education funding is not enough to meet the needs of our community
- Opportunities for adults to learn and enhance their skills are limited
- The public library is a resource for learning and skill-building, but the current facility is not meeting our needs
- Community archival facility needs repairs—our ability to learn about our past in our own terms is at risk
- Education is under-resourced: our schools receive less per student than off-reserve schools

Suggested Lead Partners

 Schools GRPSEO

Lifelong Learning Education Taskforce

• GREAT/OSTTC

Timeline

	OBJECTIVES	
	Expand alternative learning programs	IN PROGRESS
SHORT (2019-2024)	Offer more skill-based learning in schools	NOT STARTED
	Build Kawenní:io Language School	PLANNING
	Build a new Public Library and Archive facility	PLANNING
	Create new multipurpose super school in Ohsweken	PLANNING
MEDIUM (2025-2029)	Provide land-based learning	PLANNING
	Ensure Post-secondary funding is meeting needs of learners	PLANNING
	Develop a Student Residence at Six Nations Polytechnic	PLANNING
LONG (2030-2039)	Develop a Complete Six Nations Education Approach	PLANNING

72

- Polytech
- SN Public Library
- Kawenní:io and **Everlasting Tree**
- New/Emerging Orgs

STATUS IN 2019

New Start, SWAC and in-school programs offering support but greater commitment needed to wrap around all youth with autism and other special needs that is based on recognizing and strengthening their gifts.

Young people lacking basic skills of cooking, shop, gardening etc. needed to create healthy homes, integrating skills that reflect culture.

Land and preliminary designs are prepared, resources required for construction. Scale of construction remains a challenge to determine how many community members will attend if new school is built.

Designs are complete and infrastructure ready at site but substantial resources needed. Modern library will be a resource centre for community to learn and explore skills, as well as a archive facility to store archives, and offices for departments that rely on archive usage.

Build new school to combine junior, elementary and daycare in Ohsweken and expand capacity in growth centre.

Having more land-based learning options emerged as a priority through the Lifelong Learning community engagement. Currently provided through Everlasting Tree school and in a limited amount at other schools through trips.

Continued political advocacy required to ensure that our young people have access to education. Some economic partnerships and grants are increasing available funding, more are needed

Feasibility study completed for residence at Ohsweken campus so students from other communities can stay and learn.

New schools from K-12 that integrate language, culture and ceremonies. Our own standards and curriculum will nurture gifts of young learners, and standards for educators of cultural knowledge, language, teaching ethic. Funding from federal government upholding their obligations must be sufficient to make transition properly.



EMPLOYMENT & EDUCATION | Adadrihonyani:', Gaiho'dehsra' hni' **EMPLOYMENT**

Goal: Increase *EMPLOYMENT* opportunities and quality of work.

Positive Change Impacts



Community Member Responsibilities

- Mentor young community members to fill future roles
- Make use of the available employment training, opportunities, services and funding
- For leaders of teams and organizations, empower employees to succeed and grow in their roles
- · Consider the specialized needs of our community when deciding what fields to work in
- Take personal pride in your work as everything helps build a community

Measuring Progress

- · Increased jobs, work that is meaningful and stable
- · Increased mentorship to build up younger staff
- Community members can be self-sufficient and responsible for their own wellbeing
- · Community needs are being met by our own people

Key Challenges And Concerns

- A lot of employment needs are not being met by our own community members
- Policies guided by western values don't always reflect our community or enable us to practice culture
- Short funding cycles create unstable jobs and high turnover. Organizations expend more resources on training
- Management is not always empowering, little succession planning to build capacity of young employees
- Private industry is providing jobs but not held to standards of quality of employment
- Employers struggle to recruit and retain employees due to sense of entitlement and poor work ethic
- Youth are left mostly with service jobs where they aren't always given opportunities to build their skills

Suggested Lead Partners

- Ontario Works • GREAT/OSTTC
- GRPSEO Schools

Timeline

OBJECTIVES			
SHORT (2019-2024)	Renew employment policies to be more supportive and empowering	PLANNING	M ar ce re
	Conduct community wide employment study	PLANNING	Va ga N
	Promote creation of Health and Wellness initiatives	IN PROGRESS	So m O
	Enhance coordination between employment needs and education	IN PROGRESS	Co Se
MEDIUM (2025-2029)	Implement requirements for succession planning in public organizations	NOT STARTED	Ae te
	Long term forecasting between employment agencies and community	NOT STARTED	Er pl de
LONG (2030-2039)	Coordination among businesses to support employment Goal	NOT STARTED	W ol
	Greater connection between community needs and employment	NOT STARTED	Al ni fa th

- Greater capacity for employment training programs
- Employees feel they can connect with culture
- More equality across employment types
- More alignment between peoples' gifts/passions and their employment

 Human Resources Departments

 New and Emerging Organizations

STATUS IN 2019

lore focus needed to create progressive employment that is stable, offers benefits and competitive wages and focuses on staff wellbeing, allows more participation in ceremonies and community events and supports individuals who are carrying cultural esponsibilities.

arious studies have been done in the past, need a new comprehensive study which auges employment satisfaction across sectors. Partnership with Assembly of First lations in 2019 will produce a limited study.

ome public organizations have H+W committees but greater support needed to nandate these across the community so employees can find wellness at work. Opportunity to integrate cultural learning

coordinating strategy needed to better gauge skill shortages so schools and postecondary institutions prepare our people through appropriate training.

ction needed to nurture young leaders, create longer term internship programs, long erm management plans.

mployment agencies are constantly looking ahead for possible employment lacements but are not always informed of potential opportunities, business evelopments.

Nill require more coordination and organization among businesses first (see the bjective of a Six Nations Chamber of Commerce under the goal Local Economy, page 84).

lign with goals *Trade & Barter Economy* (page 82) and *Local Economy* (page 84) to urture businesses which will provide work that satisfies community values, such as arming, health care, cultural advisors, etc. Will require greater business coordination nrough a Chamber of Commerce.

Goal: Develop our connection with off-reserve to strengthen *RETENTION* in employment and education.

Positive Change Impacts



Culture & Tradition (page 28) When we can leave for school and work with a deep understanding of our cultural identity, we can feel proud and secure

New public construction is an

opportunity to employ our skilled

labourers close to home



Safety & Emergency **Services** (page 56)

A healthy connection means more of our members are safe when they face new risks offreserve for school or work

Community Member Responsibilities

- Recognize the value of working for your community which may not always have high financial compensation
- Work to create relationships between community members living on- and off-reserve

- **Measuring Progress** More connection between community and neighbouring · Members who choose to leave the community for specialized school boards employment & education have strong sense of self
- More opportunities for members to work and learn in the community, increased proportion of membership staying home

Key Challenges And Concerns

- Community members pursuing specialized education finding better paying options elsewhere ("Brain Drain")
- We are paid less in this community for doing the same work as in other communities
- Members leaving the community for work/school can lose connection with community and identity
- Youth leaving for high school can experience culture shock and racism, not always academically prepared
- Members without housing or transportation here end up leaving to urban centres
- Lack of connection to members living outside the community, some feel stigmatized for their decision to leave
- Small community will always be limited in the types of career opportunities available

Suggested Lead Partners

• GREAT/OSTTC GRPSEO

 Schools Polytech

Timeline

OBJECTIVES			
SHORT	Create a recruitment and retention plan	NOT STARTED	j
(2019-2024)	Create a salary grid for community organizations	PLANNING	[;
MEDIUM (2025-2029)	Increase Indigenous cultural advisors in nearby high schools	NOT STARTED	i
	Strengthen a network with Indigenous support organizations in neighbouring communities	NOT STARTED	(
	Create off-reserve engagement strategy	NOT STARTED	ł
LONG (2030-2039)	Create high school cultural transition program	NOT STARTED	1

- Pay equity with neighbouring communities
- People leaving for work/school feel secure in their identity and can manage culture shock

- Kawenní:io and **Everlasting Tree**
- Community Planning
- New/Emerging orgs

STATUS IN 2019

Requires coordination among Human Resources departments of many community organizations, businesses. Conduct exit interviews to develop understanding of why jobs are being left.

Departments of Elected Council are in preliminary stages of developing a grid that offers a competitive balance of salary and employee wellbeing.

School board has a few Indigenous guidance counselors, but at least one needed in every school to support our students and take on initiatives to educate nonindigenous students.

Organizations such as Friendship Centres, Brant Native Housing, etc. have loose connections with services on-reserve, but a coordinating body needed to align efforts.

Effort needed to engage off-reserve members in community matters, help them know they still have a voice, encourage them to connect with the community more.

When community high school is built, create exchange programs so our youth can continue to share culture with others who are not from the community.

WEALTH & ECONOMY: WHAT WE HEARD AROUND THE TABLE...

Where we have come from:

The economies of the Six Nations were extensive and complex; we traded with our neighbouring nations and allies to support ourselves and build relationships. Traditionally, wealth was to provide for community and families, not simply to acquire possessions and financial fortune. Economy was woven into the community, it was a way of life, to meet the basic needs of all. Our economy was about thriving, not just surviving.

Where we are today:

We have a strong economy of small to large local businesses, but they are not necessarily accountable to the community or the environment. Rather than being focused on the wellbeing of the community, the economy is structured where many of us are simply working to make a dollar instead of having employment that gives us enough for their family and community. We have an extreme wealth gap in our community and many families struggle to meet their basic needs while others live in abundance. Colonization has also impacted our community in that fiscal dependencies on external governments keep us from realising our goal of self- determination. While efforts at collective investments can face challenges, we are slowly building our own revenue streams that allow us to challenge that cycle of dependency. There is a small alternative economy where we barter and trade as an alternative to the mainstream economy, and many are looking to rebuild this approach as it strengthens community bonds. Our people are extremely successful and creative in business development and have become leaders in industries throughout the world.

How we will move into the future:

Wealth to us is not measured in dollars, but in what we value – family, culture, the environment. Developing economically is one step among many in reaching this holistic idea of wealth. We want all of our members' basic needs to be met so they can thrive. A healthy and diverse local economy of responsible businesses and organizations providing important services and meaningful employment is an important part of Six Nations being a healthy and vibrant community. As we continue to heal as a community and achieve internal harmony in governance, we can make more confident strides in building our economic self-sufficiency. A healthy alternative economy where we support each other through trade and barter will help us in supporting our members' needs and creatively build a new economy based on our Haudenosaunee values.



Economic Self-Reliance Trade & Barter Economy Local Economy Basic Needs

Did you know?

- Six Nations of the Grand River Development Corporation launched in 2015, generated \$24.9M in direct economic impact (profit, payroll, sponsorships) in 2019 through one Joint Venture (A6N), 10 Nation Enterprises, 6 Economic Interests.
- The Economic Development Trust has invested \$10.8M into community since 2016.
- Two Rivers Business Development offered \$2.8M in business development loans in 2018.
- Over 300 individual businesses within the community.
- Six Nations Bingo launched a "play-on-demand" with 24-ball bingo for short term stays outside of regular scheduled Bingo which has increased revenue.
- Ontario Works assisted 132 singles and 401 families at the 2018 Christmas season.



Our Vision for the future is that...

"Six Nations is a community where we create the wealth needed to sustain all our people as healthy and flourishing through responsible business and economic development which reflects our Haudenosaunee values and community voice."



WEALTH & ECONOMY | Otga:nonihsra², tseh hni² Na²dewatwihsd<u>a</u>hsnyeha² ECONOMIC SELF-RELIANCE

Goal: Strive for *ECONOMIC SELF-RELIANCE* to support our autonomy.

Positive Change Impacts

Stewardship (page 18)

We can make collective business investments that reflect our high standards of stewardship

Self-Determination (page 42)

Economic self-reliance enables us to set our own path, while holding governments to financial commitments

Community Care (page 90) Being free from the restrictions that are attached to external

funding enable us to create care systems that work for our community



Planning & **Collaboration** (page 52) Relying on ourselves instead of

external divided funding streams will nurture collaboration and longterm planning

Infrastructure (page 64)

Language (page 30)

Self-reliance allows us to set our

own priorities - the importance of

language is often not understood

by external funders

Retention (page 76)

The more we can sustain

ourselves economically, the

more we can have quality

working/learning at home

Local Economy (page 84)

Businesses benefiting from

our collective rights and

resources can play a role in

sustaining the collective

When we can sustain ourselves we can build infrastructure according to our needs (instead of according to available funds)

Community Member Responsibilities

 Participate in decision making processes for community economic development opportunities to ensure the developments that go through have widespread support

Measuring Progress

- · Generating sufficient revenue to build the community that we want to see
- · Ensure external governments adhere to their financial commitments

Key Challenges And Concerns

- Our current financial need keeps us tied to priorities of external governments, but is not enough to meet our basic needs for health, infrastructure, social programs and so on
- no responsibility to give back to the collective benefit
- Businesses and municipalities in the Haldimand tract generate revenue that does not come back to us
- transparency, individual distributions does not target collective benefit

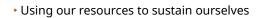
Suggested Lead Partners

• Six Nations of the Grand **River Development** Corporation

• Lands & Resources Governance

Timeline

OBJECTIVES			
SHORT (2019-2024)	Create Social Wealth Assessment tool for Community Economic Development projects	NOT STARTED	N ir o d
	Continue to expand community economic development initiatives	IN PROGRESS	S fa ir
	Conduct a community contribution study	NOT STARTED	C o ti e
	Conduct a study of alternatives for collective wealth spending	NOT STARTED	E n tr
	Conduct a community study on economic self-reliance	NOT STARTED	D re c
LONG (2030-2039)	Create sustainable resource plan to benefit from Haldimand Tract/Nanfan land and resources	PLANNING	C e to a



• Businesses and wealthy individuals in the community benefit from tax-free status and use our public infrastructure but have

• Community has frustrations with the way collective wealth is spent; application-based approaches offer transparency but are based on internal competition instead of collaborative long-term planning, direct decisions made by governance can lack

> New and emerging organizations

STATUS IN 2019

Metric needed to consistently assess community economic development options n terms of their social benefits and impacts as opposed to just profits and losses, utcomes will help inform community during decision-making stage in contentious developments.

Six Nations of the Grand River Development Corporation is doing this work but often facing governance issues. Renew focus on localized projects that meet community goals in the short term until there is greater resolution in governance.

Community has expressed mixed feelings about their willingness to contribute and/ or have businesses contribute to improve the community, hesitation about taxation, ransparency, governance. These issues need to be explored more in depth through ngagement.

Explore different approaches, pursue systems which are less about competition and nore about collaboration and long-term planning, while remaining accountable and transparent.

Develop a clear picture of what our economic needs are and the different ways we can each that goal as a community. Conduct community engagement to gauge which ollective investment strategies best align with community values.

Certain developments bring small amounts of accommodation, but no comprehensive effort. Global Solutions documents what the revenue could be. Intimately tied to issues of governance, greater unity and understanding needed before a clear assertion can be made over resources in the territory that fully protects our rights.



WEALTH & ECONOMY | Otga:nonihsra², tseh hni² Na²dewatwihsd<u>a</u>hsnyeha² TRADE & BARTER ECONOMY

Goal: Nurture a community **TRADE & BARTER ECONOMY**.

Positive Change Impacts

Waste Management (page 22) Supplying our needs locally can reduce our use of plastic and packaging

Arts (page 32) Our artists are too often undervalued we can help ensure their needs are met in part through a trade & barter economy

Employment (page 74)

A Trade & Barter Economy

supports positions that sustain

our tradition of working

to individuals' gifts for the betterment of the whole

Basic Needs (page 86)

We can reframe our

understanding of wealth and

poverty around having needs

met and happiness, not just

high income levels

Self-Determination (page 42) Every time we exchange food, skills or knowledge we can reduce our

dependency and strengthen our ability to determine our own future

Mental Wellness (page 92) Stress and anxiety from modern workplace pressures can be lessened when we reframe our goals of work, success and

wealth

TRADE & BARTER **ECONOMY**

Participation & Communication (page 50) Nurturing a more responsible and circular economy can foster active participation

Housing (page 62)

Community coming together to share resources and skills in creating homes builds community and reduces costs

Measuring Progress

- More knowledge of practical skills to sustain each other
- More goods and services obtained through reciprocal trade instead of financial transactions

Key Challenges And Concerns

- gain instead of working to sustain each other
- Community members learning less practical and traditional skills as they pursue modern fields to make more money
- As we spend less time caring for each other we are becoming more individualized which further erodes our language and culture
- of costs and revenue, not the things that make us wealthy such as family, health, nature, etc.

Suggested Lead Partners

 Six Nations of the Grand **River Development** Corporation

GREAT/OSTTC

Six Nations Public Library

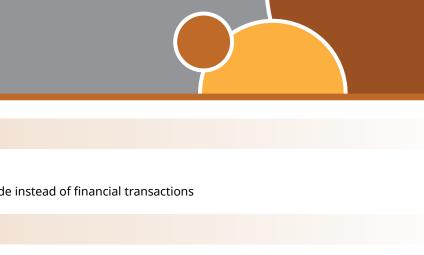
Timeline

	OBJECTIVES			
	SHORT (2019-2024)	Develop Social Enterprise/Co- operative training program	NOT STARTED	C s
MEDIUM (2025-2029)	Create a community skills database	NOT STARTED	D fe	
	Integrate Trade & Barter Economy considerations into the Community Farm Resource Centre	PLANNING	(! s	
		Integrate 'Maker's Space' into new Public Library and Archive Facility	PLANNING	N te
	LONG (2030-2039)	Integrate Trade & Barter Economy considerations into new communal housing approaches	NOT STARTED	N r n

Community Member Responsibilities

• Learn a new skill that will help our community directly, such as gardening, maintenance, language teaching, etc.

• Offer up skills that you have to help a neighbour, ask for help in return



• We have become too fixated on western ideals of wealth and consumerism, it keeps us always working at jobs for financial

• Money is becoming the only way we value wealth and wellbeing – new businesses and projects are being evaluated in terms

 Two Rivers Community Development

 New and emerging organizations

STATUS IN 2019

Community seeking to learn more about business approaches that pursue positive social outcomes outside of profit.

Develop a platform where community members can post skills they have or are looking for to coordinate the Trade & Barter Economy.

See Food and Farming Goal) Programs to be offered will provide opportunities to share resources for food processing, storing and vending.

New facility to include space for people to explore new skills or hone existing ones, tools available to loan out.

Not yet started, creating match ups between families could help to cover a broader ange of the responsibilities that make up a house, such as gardening, hunting, naintenance, culture, etc.).



WEALTH & ECONOMY | Otga:nonihsra², tseh hni² Na²dewatwihsd<u>a</u>hsnyeha² LOCAL ECONOMY

Goal: Promote *LOCAL ECONOMY* of responsible businesses and entrepreneurshipage

Positive Change Impacts



Community Member Responsibilities

- Support new and existing local businesses in the community
- If you run a local business, seek ways that it can align with the community values identified in the Community Plan and advocate for greater collaboration among businesses
- Start a small business that serves a community need you are passionate about

considerations of bringing customers into the community

Speak up about concerns you may have with local businesses

Measuring Progress

- Access to more mainstream conveniences within the community
- Making the community a place where people want to conduct business
- · More community money retention (i.e., reduced leakage to surrounding communities)

Key Challenges And Concerns

- Small stores can't match the volume of stores in neighbouring communities, goods end up more expensive
- · Leaving the community to shop is a social event, something that families look forward to
- Lack of support for local businesses, community members aren't always willing to give new businesses a try
- Challenges to franchises around land ownership and financing, concerns with profits leaving community
- Local businesses can have a negative impact on environment, health, etc.—no standards for accountability
- · Gas and cigarettes support our economy but community wants more businesses that align with our values
- Businesses are battling to compete internally instead of us working together to compete with outside business

Suggested Lead Partners

• Six Nations of the Grand **River Development** Corporation

 Two Rivers Community Development

Timeline

OBJECTIVES			
SHORT (2019-2024)	Conduct an updated Economic Retention (Leakage) study	NOT STARTED	Fu co ho co
	Expand business loan services and align to Community Goals	PLANNING	T\ in de G
	Explore feasibility of bulk- buying	NOT STARTED	N w go
MEDIUM (2025-2029)	Environmental/Social Impact Studies for all businesses operating on reserve	NOT STARTED	A G CC
	Create a Six Nations Chamber of Commerce	NOT STARTED	G or er br
	Create Social Enterprise/Co- operative Incubator	NOT STARTED	Co no D ch
LONG (2030-2039)	Create Nation-to-Nation trade strategy	NOT STARTED	Tr eo

- More businesses in the community that match community needs and values
- Local entrepreneurs have more access to capital

 New and emerging organizations

Governance

STATUS IN 2019

unding required to do an updated comprehensive study, Leakage Study last ompleted in 2010 in partnership with Mississaugas of the Credit. Study to explore ow local businesses can be prioritized by public organizations (e.g., using local ontractors).

Iwo Rivers planning to offer longer and larger loans to encourage business developmen n the community, explore feasibility of using Community Plan as guiding document or decision-support tool to encourage more business development toward community Goals

leed to explore whether a bulk-buying program or warehouse would be a feasible vay to lower costs for local businesses, and whether it would transfer to lower cost of oods for community members.

ction needed to hold businesses accountable to the environment and community. breater cohesiveness in governance is needed to hold businesses accountable to ommunity standards.

Freater coordination between businesses would allow community to compete utwardly more than inwardly. Standards of environmental responsibility and mployment quality to be set through community engagement would hold member usinesses accountable.

community looking for more businesses that align with values and meet community needs (e.g., grocery stores, green infrastructure, medical services etc.) Community Development organizations to create partnerships with community members who can champion those causes.

rade with other nations around Turtle Island to create strong bonds and build our conomic resilience.



WEALTH & ECONOMY | Otga:nonihsra², tseh hni² Na²dewatwihsd<u>a</u>hsnyeha² **BASIC NEEDS**

Goal: Work together to ensure members' **BASIC NEEDS** are met.

Positive Change Impacts



loan commitments for long including hazardous buildings or term housing quality

Community Member Responsibilities

- · Challenge the stigma of poverty share the struggles with poverty you may experience and listen to the struggles of others
- Find ways that you can donate your energy, money or used items to help build others up

abusive situations

Measuring Progress

- All community members have their basic needs met
- The wealth inequality in the community is narrowed

Key Challenges And Concerns

- Many in the community suffering from poverty, unable to keep up with bills, housing costs, etc.
- Poverty can be invisible in our community as we live separated lives, stigma keeps families from seeking help
- We have projects and programs that address poverty in a piecemeal way, but not getting at the root causes
- Wealth inequality—a few are disproportionately benefiting from the collective at the expense of people and the environment while many struggle to meet their basic needs
- Lack of understanding within the community of budgeting skills, financial literacy
- Barriers to basic needs lead to many challenges—homelessness, unemployment, family instability, etc.

Suggested Lead Partners

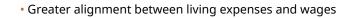
- Ontario Works Schools
- GREAT /OSTTC
- Governance

Discussion

- As Haudenosaunee people we have our own standard of what wealth means—including culture, natural resources, family units, community members working to build a strong community, sustenance, governance traditions. As Haudenosaunee we should not have our own people struggling to meet basic needs
- We have an opportunity to work together as a community to ensure all our members' basic needs are met.
- Many of the Objectives outlined throughout this Community Plan wrap around our members to create space they need to meet their basic needs (e.g., housing, food, transportation, wellness, etc.). Some specific objectives which emerged from engagement to lift our people out of poverty are:

Timeline

	OBJECTIVES		
SHORT (2019-2024)	Create a comprehensive basic needs plan	NOT STARTED	Co cc it cc m
MEDIUM (2025-2029)	Develop a budgeting and financial literacy education initiative	NOT STARTED	N so
LONG (2030-2039)	Develop our own community- based financial support system	NOT STARTED	N w ca so



- Health Services
- Social Services

Housing

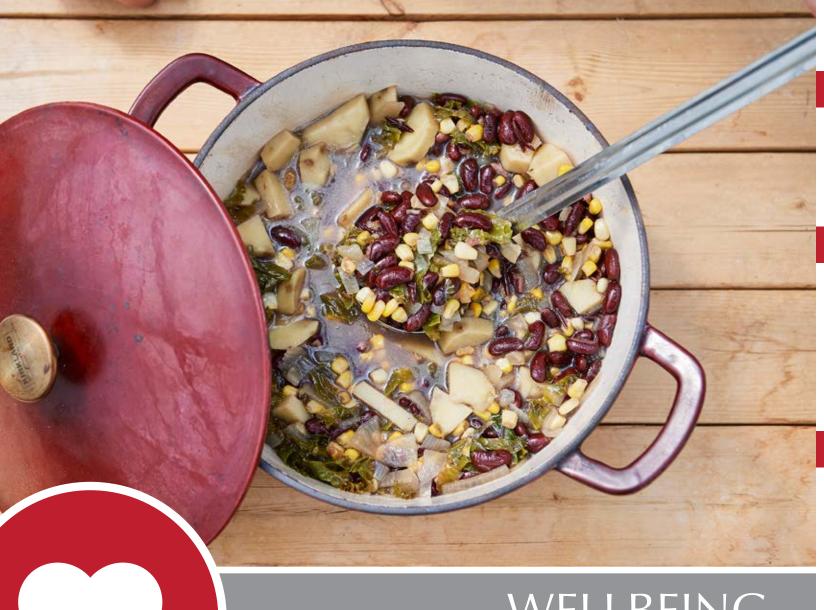
New/emerging orgs

STATUS IN 2019

conduct research to develop a more comprehensive picture of poverty in the ommunity and develop an appropriate human rights-based strategy to address from a community perspective and understand causes and linkages to all other ommunity priorities. Must include a living wage study and a research approach to neasure and track basic needs.

Need to create awareness around financial literacy and share in employment agencies, schools, through public library.

leed to create our own financial support system, we are currently reliant on external velfare programs and are not always able to wrap around community members and are in a way that reflects our culture. Part of a bigger change toward self-determined social support delivery.



WELLBEING Adagaidehsra

Community Care Mental Wellness Healthy Lifestyles Respectful Relationships Substance Abuse

WELLBEING: WHAT WE HEARD AROUND THE TABLE...

Where we have come from:

Well-being is like a protective cloak that holds and supports everything in our community. When we are well, we can live up to our responsibilities as Haudenosaunee people. Our Ka'nikonhrí:io (Good Mind) teachings have been the basis of our culture and wellness for centuries, allowing us to know ourselves and form healthy relationships with each other. Everything we did to sustain ourselves was done to keep us well. 500 years of contact, wars, colonialism, and the pressures of the modern world have damaged our unique protective tools that we need to keep ourselves healthy, happy and strong.

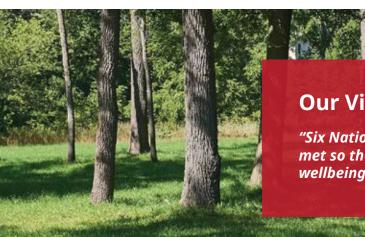
Where we are today:

Colonial history has led to much of the hurt and trauma our community experiences today. We are still recovering from residential schools whether as former school survivors or through intergenerational trauma. Our fractured internal politics and impacts from external impositions force us to be in reactionary mode; we struggle to take the time we need to heal and nurture our wellbeing as a community. Our physical health is impacted by our modern way of life in the way we nourish ourselves and exercise. While as a community we may be dealing with a lot of illness, we are on a healing journey. What unites us as a people keeps us caring. We help each other and support community members in crisis because as Haudenosaunee people our hearts motivate us. Hardworking community members are providing an incredible and growing array of services which enable us to pursue physical, mental, spiritual, emotional and family wellbeing right in our community.

How we will move into the future:

Well-being will grow as healthy individuals create healthy families, workplaces, schools, social and volunteer groups, clan families, church and other spiritual groups, sports organizations, businesses, and eventually an overall healthy community. All of the other Community Priorities work in interconnected ways to build our wellbeing:

- can be the foundation to keep us well in today's modern world.
- Unity in Governance will allow us to stand up for our needs as a community and heal internally.
- achieve our vision.
- physical space that all need to be well.
- their wellbeing and provide for their community.
- ourselves and ensure all our members have their basic needs met to be well.



Did you know?

- Six Nations Health Services provides Good Food Box program and a Nutrition In The Schools program so that every child can start their day with a healthy balanced meal.
- Six Nations Food Bank serving around 900 individuals in the community.
- Regional Environmental Health officer working in community providing safe food handling.
- Youth Life Promotion hired nine workers in 2018 to support youth mental health.

• Through our relationship with **Mother Earth** we can enjoy a clean environment and a sustainable food system.

• A strong connection to our **Culture** through our teachings, language, culture and art will allow us to know ourselves and be spiritually and mentally strong. Our traditions, including our food, medicines, ceremonies and ways of working

• A complete Community will be a safe place where strong families can participate and where we have a shared plan to

• A safe and accessible **Built Environment** of clean water, access to housing, facilities and transportation provides the

• Holistic Employment & Education will empower all to learn the skills they need to succeed and take responsibility for

• By planning and working together on our Wealth & Economy we generate the financial resources to support

Our Vision for the future is that...

"Six Nations is a community where all our people's needs are met so they can enjoy physical, mental, emotional and spiritual wellbeing and flourish as Haudenosaunee."

WELLBEING | Adagaid<u>e</u>hsra² COMMUNITY CARE

Goal: Develop **COMMUNITY CARE** systems that work for our people and our culture.

Positive Change Impacts



Community Member Responsibilities

- Participate in the amazing programs provided by organizations
- Nurture a network of care with your family and neighbours
- Access the Six Nations Leisure guide to work with organizations offering preventative care

Measuring Progress

- Harmonization of care between Western and Onkwehon:we medicine systems
- Increase proactive care as opposed to crisis response
- Increased care capacity in the community

- Tailored care for elders that celebrates their wisdom
- Access to childcare in safe and caring environments
- Care providers practicing with cultural safety
- More babies born in community care

Key Challenges And Concerns

- A lot of our care is telling people what they need to do, when what they really need are role models
- Care providers are subjected to prescriptive policies that can restrict their ability practice in a nurturing way
- Youth and elder care is limited with long wait lists, inadequate facilities and staff are overworked and underpaid
- A lot of non-community members providing care without knowledge of the community, culture and trauma
- Leaving the community for many care needs making transportation a barrier, and can face racism in hospitals
- We are very reliant on western medicine approaches when a balance with traditional approaches is needed
- Various care providers funded from different streams can hinder coordination and cause duplication of services

Suggested Lead Partners

- Health ServicesSocial Services
- Ganohkwasra
 Daycares

Timeline

	OBJECTIVES		
SHORT	Expand and coordinate land- based healing programs	IN PROGRESS	(á
	Develop cultural safety training for all care providers	PLANNING	(t
(2019-2024)	Expand midwifery care	IN PROGRESS	E
	Build more child care spaces	IN PROGRESS	N V
	Coordinate community care under the Haudenosaunee Wellness Model	PLANNING	N S i
	Create an urgent care/walk-in clinic	PLANNING	[
MEDIUM (2025-2029)	Provide full Elder Care from assisted living to hospice care	PLANNING	۲ د t
	Expand care for youth and adults with special needs	PLANNING	J r
LONG (2030-2039)	Integrate community care and communal housing options	NOT STARTED	(s
	Build a Traditional Wellness Centre	NOT STARTED	H t r

en what they really need are role models an restrict their ability practice in a nurturing way uate facilities and staff are overworked and underpaid knowledge of the community, culture and trauma portation a barrier, and can face racism in hospitals in a balance with traditional approaches is needed hinder coordination and cause duplication of services

- Birthing Centre
- Ogwadeni:deo

Housing

New/emerging orgs

STATUS IN 2019

Ganohkwasra, Health Service and Social Services offering programming, coordination and expansion required for more clients to access services.

Cultural safety training for care providers, from the community or not, to practice trauma-informed care with respect for culture, community.

Birthing Centre in need of more trained midwives, space, and transportation vehicles to support more babies born in the community.

More spaces needed for child care and early years, and expanding existing services with more staff to provide before and after school care.

Model has been developed but resources required to facilitate collaboration among services and provide trauma-informed care across the continuum of care, preventative intervention.

Dedicated space and resources are needed to provide an all-hours care centre with a variety of medical professionals available.

Need to provide dignified care for elders from assisted living to hospice care. Iroquois Lodge is at capacity and in desperate need of upgrades. Preliminary plans have been developed to upgrade current building or rebuild. Land and finances are limited, more trained staff needed.

Jay Silverheels in need of upgrades and expansion, Ronatahskats Community Living requiring staff and resources.

Care can be supported more by family. Care providers could integrate into shared housing to discuss wellbeing at the family level. Less intervention as children remain in stable unit while parents heal. Eases transition from "client/provider" to ongoing role modeling relationships.

Health Services providing various traditional approaches, but dedicated space to serve the community and train practitioners needed. Unique land requirements for access to medicines and land-based healing.

WELLBEING | Adagaid<u>e</u>hsra² MENTAL WELLNESS

Goal: Build *MENTAL WELLNESS* within our people.

Positive Change Impacts

Stewardship (page 18) Nurturing a relationship with Mother Earth can help build a strong mind

Culture (page 26) Mental Health can be balanced when our understanding of health is rooted in our culture

Education (page 72)

Providing mental health

support in schools can build

our children's capacity to learn

Basic Needs (page 86)

Mental wellness empowers

individuals to make changes

that can lift them from poverty

Participatory Decision Making (page 40) More mental wellness can foster participation in community engagements when members do not feel unsafe or hostile

Community Care (page 90) Supporting mental wellness in ways that reflect our unique past and culture strengthens our system of community care



Safety & Emergency Services (page 56) Mental wellness and stability can reduce violence or aggression that compromises safety

Built Environment (page 60)

Having access to a healthy built environment (housing, clean water, transportation) is a pillar of mental wellness

Measuring Progress

- Increased awareness of the causes and effects of mental illness among all
- Greater participation in mental health programs such as mental health first aid

Key Challenges And Concerns

• Concern that the mental health of the youth is becoming more of a problem

Ganohkwasra

- The consumption of technology can increase loneliness and depression
- Lack of staff and resources committed to promoting mental wellness, particularly in schools
- Workplaces are demanding so much of overworked and underpaid staff, worsening stress, anxiety and depression, but lacking progressive policies needed to nurture mental wellness before burnout and crisis

Suggested Lead Partners

- Health ServicesSocial Services
- Schools

Timeline

OBJECTIVES			
	Develop a mental health service coordination framework		(
SHORT	Expand community training on mental health	IN PROGRESS	(
(2019-2024)	Increase more in-school mental health supports through counselors and elder supports	IN PROGRESS	r r
	Review employment policies to support mental wellness	PLANNING	ſ
MEDIUM	Create a 24-hour community based crisis response hotline	PLANNING	-
(2025-2029)	Develop a mental health worker ride-along program with Six Nations Police	PLANNING	l r i
LONG (2030-2039)	Build mental health and addictions facility	PLANNING	F (

Community Member Responsibilities

- Work to understand your own mental health needs how do nutrition, exercise, work, culture and emotions interweave for your mental wellness?
- Develop an understanding about mental health needs, causes and treatments
- Take mental health first aid training such as ASIST or safetalk
- · Connect with cultural activities in contemporary or traditional arts to build mental wellness



- Gane Yohs
- Housing

- Ogwadeni:deo
- New/emerging orgs

STATUS IN 2019

Community members to appropriate services.

Greater awareness needed for all to build understanding and reduce stigma. Expand and coordinate safeTalk, mental health first aid training, ASIST.

Need to understand unique needs of our young people and support them in schools as family settings are not always ready to deal with mental health, more counsellors needed in school settings.

More progressive and supportive policies needed to make space for the flexibility needed for a preventative approach to mental wellness.

There is currently a hotline that can refer members to external services, but does not provide community and culture support in real time. Staffing and resources needed.

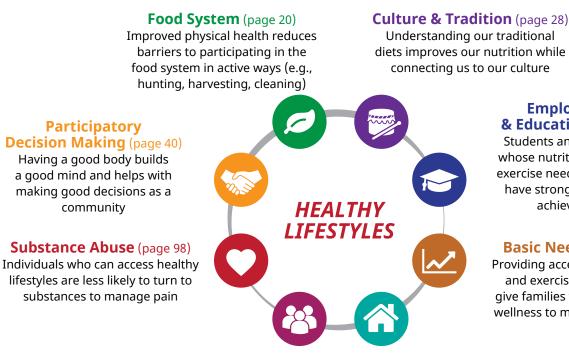
Professionals trained in culturally based mental health crisis response need to be riding with police officers for crisis response. This approach exists to a limited degree in 2019 but greater resources are needed.

Plan is in place for Residential Treatment Facility to support members in detox (see Goal: Substance Abuse), but dedicated space is needed for Mental Health and Addictions team to provide long term and preventative support.

WELLBEING | Adagaidehsra² HEALTHY LIFESTYLES

Goal: Support *HEALTHY LIFESTYLES* of nutrition, exercise and disease prevention.

Positive Change Impacts



Safety & Emergency Services (page 56) Emphasizing preventative nutrition and exercise can reduce the burden on services of reacting to disease related

emergencies

Transportation System (page 68)

Employment & Education (page 70)

Students and employees

whose nutrition, sleep and

exercise needs are met can

have stronger focus and

achievement

Basic Needs (page 86) Providing accessible nutrition

and exercise options can

give families the energy and

wellness to meet their needs

Integrating physical activity into daily life through movement (i.e., walking or biking) can support transportation initiatives

Community Member Responsibilities

- As much as you are able, take your health into your own hands through nutrition and exercise
- Create a healthy meal plan that works for you and your family
- Participate in exercise and recreation options currently provided

Measuring Progress

 More community understanding of preventative health through nutrition and exercise

Key Challenges And Concerns

- More fast food options in our community and beyond, the options are usually unhealthy and wasteful
- to make them worse
- Lacking understanding of healthy personal nutrition among community members
- Nutritious and/or traditional food can be difficult to access
- Physical and financial barriers exist to exercise through sport and recreation options

Suggested Lead Partners

- Health Services
- Parks & Recreation
- Community Living

Timeline

Food Bank

	OBJECTIVES		
SHORT (2019-2024)	Expand community nutrition program	IN PROGRESS	H n h ti
	Integrate nutrition into Community Food Sovereignty Study and Mapping	NOT STARTED	C ir
	Workplace policies for healthy food	NOT STARTED	P o p
MEDIUM (2025-2029)	Integrate a community exercise facility into Dajoh or GPA	NOT STARTED	E a fi
LONG (2030-2039)	Meet disease care needs within the community	PLANNING	F



• Gane Yohs (Public Health)

• New and Emerging Organizations

STATUS IN 2019

lealth Services Nutrition program is providing meals in schools and Good Food Box, more human resources needed to grow and expand community understanding in now traditional food can build our nutrition, highlight role models and successes in traditional nutrition

Community Food Security Study (see Goal: Food System) to be undertaken should nclude considerations as to how individuals are meeting their nutritional needs.

Public workplaces can be developing policies and programs to offer healthy lunch options to staff, and creating expectations around healthy options when staff and ublic events are catered.

Explore feasibility of a community exercise facility and indoor walking track to provide accessible and affordable options for members to engage with personal and group fitness.

Facility and human resources required to expand chronic disease care and diagnostic centre to provide a majority of care in our community.

WELLBEING | Adagaidehsra² **RESPECTFUL RELATIONSHIPS**

Goal: Cultivate *RESPECTFUL RELATIONSHIPS* with ourselves and others.

Positive Change Impacts

Stewardship (page 18) Our Thanksgiving Address teaches us how the interconnectedness of Mother Earth can inform our relationships

Culture & Tradition (page 28) Using good mind principles to communicate with each other builds our culture

Employment

& Education (page 70)

As we build individuals' self-

respect they can approach

work and school with

confidence and commitment

Trade & Barter

Economy (page 82)

Nurturing respectful

relationships facilitates the reciprocal economy; the

pursuit of money alone individualizes us

Unity (page 38)

When we respect each others' differences we can have the healthy dialogue needed to build unity in governance

Mental Wellness (page 92) Strong human interconnections will help us build and maintain our mental wellness



Participation & Communication (page 50)

When there is more respectful relationships, people can more safely participate in public events and communicate respectfully

public facilities respectfully, reducing burdens of maintenance

Public Facilities (page 66)

Individuals who respect

themselves and others can use

Community Member Responsibilities

- Challenge yourself to learn the Thanksgiving address
- Foster respectful relationships between yourself and others

Measuring Progress

- Community exhibiting lateral kindness
- Increased open dialogue about healing relationships as a community
- Greater participation in healing initiatives

Key Challenges And Concerns

- Grief in the community has left legacy of damaged relationships with self, family, community
- · Lack of highlighting the success of role models in our community, lack of acceptance of failure
- Suicides are happening in our community. Still a significant stigma, and lack of understanding. People still think it only happens in situations of mental illness or substance abuse
- People are at different levels of understanding in their identity as Haudenosaunee people. Those learning, or who have diverse backgrounds are bullied
- We do not always live our cultural teachings of inclusivity in relation to those who may be of other marginalized communities such as other nationalities, two-spirit and LGBTQ+ people

Suggested Lead Partners

- Health Services Social Services
- Breaking the Silence, Brightening the Spirit

Timeline

OBJECTIVES			
	Create a comprehensive life promotion framework	PLANNING	N to su h
SHORT	Create opportunities to nurture cultural understandings of grief, loss and emotion	IN PROGRESS	M H
(2019-2024)	Expand lateral kindness training to all organizations	IN PROGRESS	M ai Se
	Create a culturally based inclusivity initiative	NOT STARTED	G sp u
MEDIUM (2025-2029)	Create culturally-based emotional intelligence programming in schools	IN PROGRESS	H ai
	Start a community forum to discuss failure, growth and success	NOT STARTED	A st ir
LONG (2030-2039)	Respectful Nation to Nation relationships	NOT STARTED	O tr gr ai

- Dialogue about community concerns and opportunities is increasingly healthy
- More community members empowered to turn away from self-harm or suicide

- Ganohkwasra
- Governance
- Schools
- New/emerging orgs

STATUS IN 2019

leed to coordinate efforts of all the various organizations working on life promotion o create a nurturing approach that embraces victims and their families for long-term upport, as well as collect and share data. Breaking the Silence, Brightening the Spirit as coordinated initial conversations on the topic.

Any different programs providing this. Examples include Creative Pathways to healing, lodinohsoni grief and loss talks.

Any organizations are offering training to explore the roots of lateral violence nd build strategies for respectful communication such as Ganohkwasra and Social Services, needs to expand to all organizations.

Greater education and awareness needed to build understanding around twospirit and LGBTQ+ issues. Must be rooted in our cultural teachings of freedom, inderstanding and inclusivity.

lappening informally on the level of some interested teachers, but need for sustained and supported effort to understand emotions and specialized positions to facilitate it.

forum where community members can share about their success journeys, reduce stigma of failure, and develop a model of success that reflects our community. Can ntegrate into schools and youth groups.

Our original relationships with other nations are based on respect through our reaties and rights as Haudenosaunee people. Our leaders working under a cohesive overnance system need to be role models in building relationships with each other nd with governments based on good mind principles.

WELLBEING | Adagaidehsra² SUBSTANCE ABUSE

Goal: Build up our people to be free from *SUBSTANCE ABUSE*.

Positive Change Impacts

Stewardship (page 18) Turning to traditional medicines instead of substances builds a connection with Mother Earth

Culture & Tradition (page 28) Community members who are free from substance abuse have more capacity to engage with cultural initiatives

Education (page 72)

More pregnant mothers who

are not exposed to substance

harm means more students

free from effects of FASD

Basic Needs (page 86)

Support for substance abuse frees

individuals from costly addictions

that perpetuate poverty

Land (page 46) Greater access to land will

give us more opportunities to use our traditional medicines

Wellbeing (page 88) Many individuals using substances are coping with broader wellbeing issues of pain, trauma and mental illness

SUBSTANCE

ABUSE

Safety & Emergency Services (page 56)

Combating substance abuse alleviates the risks to safety through crime, harm to users and abuse of elders for prescriptions

A harm reduction approach to substance abuse reduces the

prevalence of paraphernalia found in public places

Public Facilities (page 66)

Community Member Responsibilities

- Have a discussion within your family about the risks of drugs and alcohol, the safety considerations for their use, and resources available in the community to support those struggling with substance abuse
- Consider the challenges that individuals have that lead them to substance abuse and support them with compassion

Measuring Progress

- Increased safety of community members with reduced harms and overdoses from drugs
- Community members who are healthy and not turning to substances to cope

Key Challenges And Concerns

- Parents using substances and losing custody creates instability for children
- Pregnant mothers who are using may feel they cannot access services, leading to increased exposure in womb
- · Community Safety is impacted through impaired driving, drug paraphernalia in public, criminal activity
- Greater incidence of chronic pain leading to increased dependence on prescription drugs and illicit substances
- · Opioid crisis is affecting our community and leading to dangerous use, overdoses
- Over-prescription of drugs leading to dependence and threatened abuse by others looking to get drugs
- Bans stigmatize use and make it more likely to lead to unsafe use

Suggested Lead Partners

- Health Services Social Services
- Gane Yohs (Public Health) Housing Departments

Timeline

	OBJECTIVES		
SHORT (2019-2024)	Build a Residential Treatment Centre and substance withdrawal program	PLANNING	A La he
	Expand committed midwifery care to mothers using during pregnancy	IN PROGRESS	Re ap ac
	Housing policies that address drug use	PLANNING	H ne re
	Implementation of Haudenosaunee Wellness model applied to chronic pain	PLANNING	Co us
	Create Community Standards for substance use based on safety	PLANNING	Ca uj m
	Develop outcomes- based strategy to coordinate substance abuse services	IN PROGRESS	Ci ha
MEDIUM (2025-2029)	Create prescription monitoring process	NOT STARTED	G di ac
LONG (2030-2039)	Build mental health and addictions facility	PLANNING	Pl te

- Greater understanding among community members of interconnections between substance abuse and trauma. mental and physical health
- More babies born free from exposure to substances

- Six Nations Emergency Services
- New and emerging organizations

STATUS IN 2019

safe place is needed for members to detoxify and receive substance abuse helpage and and funding for treatment centre and holistic program has been secured by ealth services, trained practitioners needed.

esources required to embrace women using during pregnancy with a harm reduction approach to protect unborn babies. Pregnant mothers who are using do not typically access care, so increased staff and transportation resources are required to meet them.

lousing Department currently has policies that restrict drug use in rental housing, eed to expand scope to provide more care and harm reduction approach to esidents.

connections project and Pain project have 12-week chronic pain and prescription drug se management program designed but resources required to implement them.

annabis Law and Commission created in 2019 but governance issues create barrier in pholding expectations. Standards for all substances are needed to ensure that we are hinimizing harms to users while taking a firm approach to drug dealers.

Currently many partners providing care, strategy needed to deliver trauma-informed arm-reduction care modalities in holistic and coordinated way.

Freater oversight required to reduce dependency and limit amount of prescription lrugs making it onto the black market. Will require personnel for monitoring and ccountability

lan is in place for Residential Treatment Facility to support members in detox in short erm but dedicated space is needed for Mental Health and Addictions team to provide long term and preventative support.



GOING FORWARD: A FUTURE OF COMMUNITY PLANNING

This comprehensive update to the Community Plan document is a positive step towards coming together in a

process of planning and collaboration - but words on paper require sustained effort to be turned into action. Developing a consistent, inclusive and culturally based process of planning can allow us to make progress in some of the key challenges that we face as a community. Successful planning can be a powerful tool for change if it is central in the community, connected to leadership and reflective of our diversity.

Planning, and community change in general, are deeply political as it can involve challenging decisions that impact us today for the best interest of future generations. From the engagement that went into this update, the following considerations came forward to describe what a sustainable and self-determined planning process could be in our community. These four sections present considerations for a future of Community Planning according to their increased feasibility as our community comes together in unity through governance.



SUSTAINED COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

Ongoing, sustained and consistent engagement must be at the heart of our planning process, to uphold the principle that "Our People are our Planners". Keeping community at the centre of community change builds up our tradition of making important decisions through the wisdom of the collective. Planning requires developing standards of community engagement that all leadership and community members can uphold. Standards can ensure the community is engaged in genuine two-way dialogue early in decision-making or project development.



COORDINATING INFORMED AND COLLABORATIVE DECISION-MAKING

A common theme that emerged from our engagement is that too often change is happening in silos. Planning must involve coordinating implementation of the Community Plan through collaboration with all departments, organizations and leadership. Time and resources are required to support coming together, sharing information and understanding strengths and challenges of different people and organizations. Community Planning can facilitate collaboration to find commonalities in strategic directions and projects and reduce duplication. Planning can become a central repository for research, new collaboratives studies, transparent data management, and monitoring success through the indicators outlined in "Measuring Success" sections. All of this collaboration, information gathering, and communication can lead to more well-rounded and informed decision-making, building the section "Using the Plan as a tool for informed change-making" into a robust decision-impact assessment tool.

FUNDING OUR FUTURE

The Community Plan is visionary and ambitious-to reach our vision will require financial resources. However, our path to selfdetermination must involve greater economic self-reliance so that we can determine our own economic strategies to support long term community development. To do this, we need to imagine where we want to go in the future so that we can begin to understand the resources required. This Community Plan is one step in that direction of laying out our shared ambitions.

Presently there are several funding sources that are working to provide resources towards community needs and goals highlighted in the Community Plan including local trust money, government funding, development partnerships and grants. Unfortunately, these funding streams can often perpetuate the lack of collaboration described in the section above. Therefore, moving toward a sustainable planning process must involve a more self-determined approach to how financial resources are distributed. We can challenge the short-term, incremental, competition-based funding approaches that external funders subject us to by having the challenging conversations around prioritizing our goals based on a maximum positive impact across a range of priorities.

DEVELOPING SHARED STANDARDS OF EACH OTHER

In the longer term, planning can support the responsibility that we have to our land through standards around how we care for our land and how development happens in the community. As we develop a system of planning, it is an opportunity for us to hold each other accountable to our cultural understandings of respect and reciprocity. When we can agree as a community what our expectations are of each other in terms of safety, stewardship or education just to name a few, we can be leaders to other communities. With greater trust and cohesion in governance, we can eventually create rigorous environmental and land development standards so we can all be proud of how our community grows and leave behind a strong legacy of culturallybased sustainable practices for the future.







HOW WAS THE COMMUNITY ENGAGED IN THE COMMUNITY PLAN UPDATE PROCESS?

This Community Plan update is built on community voices, guided by the principle "our people are the planners". Please see the section *Making a Plan: Our Journey of Community Engagement* (pages 8-9) for more information.

WHY IS CULTURE NOT THE MAIN PRIORITY?

The priorities of the Community Plan are not ranked in any particular order of importance. The approach to the Community Plan is to illustrate that there must be balance between all priorities in building our community. The priorities play different roles in moving us toward a bright future – see the diagram on page 6 for more information. Furthermore, culture is woven throughout the whole document. It is highlighted by the interconnection wheel, but also through every page as the information is built on the voices of community members bringing their cultural understanding of how we should collectively approach community concerns and opportunities.

DID YOU ENGAGE THE HAUDENOSAUNEE CONFEDERACY CHIEFS COUNCIL (HCCC)?

You will notice that the HCCC and the HCCC departments and services are not mentioned at this time within the Community Plan. The Community Plan team provided an informal presentation to the HCCC at a council meeting held on January 19th, 2019 at Soursprings longhouse. Our understanding of the outcome of that presentation was that the HCCC and associated departments appreciated the importance of having a Community Plan and identified its value within the community but were not prepared to engage on the Community Plan update at this time. It is our hope that future updates to this living document will have the much needed and highly important input from the HCCC and associated departments.

WHY IS THE SIX NATIONS COMMUNITY PLAN HOUSED AT THE SIX NATIONS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION (SNGRDC)?

The Six Nations Community Plan was originally part of the economic development department portfolio, that department evolved to be a separate entity in 2015 (i.e., SNGRDC). SNGRDC centred the Community Plan as a guiding document and continues to support the important role that Community Planning has as a community function. SNGRDC financially supports the update and administration of the Community Plan and supports ongoing collaboration on the Community Plan as a collective document.

HOW ARE WE, AS A COMMUNITY, GOING TO PAY FOR ALL OF THIS?

The Community Plan is visionary and ambitious—to reach our vision will require financial resources. See the section *Funding our Future* on page 100 for more information about how this might be achieved. Presently there are several funding sources that are working to provide resources towards community needs and goals addressed in the Community Plan:

- Local trust money
- Government funding
- · Economic and development partnerships.
- Government grants and funding sources.

IS THERE OPPORTUNITY FOR FUTURE ENGAGEMENT ON THE COMMUNITY PLAN?

Absolutely! As the Community Plan gains momentum throughout the community, it is our hope to continue community discussions on planning, concerns, opportunities for change and process development within the community to address community needs with a holistic community approach. Follow us on social media (@SNcommunityplan) to stay up to date on engagement opportunities.



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